## Maths Progression

|  | End of Term One | End of Term Two | End of Term Three |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{n}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{q}{x} \\ & 2 \\ & 0 \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ | - Can combine objects eg stacking blocks <br> - Complete inset puzzles <br> - Count in everyday contexts / some numbers in sequence (may skip numbers) | - Can take part in finger rhymes <br> - Build with a range of resources <br> - Reacts to changes of amount - up to 3 items <br> - Compare amounts using language eg 'lots', 'more', 'same' | - Arrange things into patterns (notice) <br> - Compare sizes - using gestures and language eg 'big/small/ little/bigger/smaller/tall/heavy/high/low) <br> - Climb and squeeze themselves into different types of sizes |
| $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \frac{\lambda}{U} \\ & \stackrel{N}{3} \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | - Fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). <br> - Recite numbers past 5. <br> - Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. <br> - Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc <br> - Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc. | - . Show 'finger numbers' up to 5 . <br> - Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. <br> - Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. <br> - Understand position through words alone - for example, "The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. <br> - Describe a familiar route. <br> - Combine shapes to make new ones - an arch, a bigger triangle etc. <br> - Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...' | - Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). <br> - Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 <br> - Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5 . <br> - Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. <br> - Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. <br> - Extend and create ABAB patterns - stick, leaf, stick, leaf. <br> - Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern. |


|  | - Count objects, actions and sounds. <br> - Subitise. <br> - Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value <br> - Count beyond ten. <br> - Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills. <br> - Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. <br> - Compare length, weight and capacity. |
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- Explore the composition of numbers to 10 .
- Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 010.
- Compare numbers
- Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers
- Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can.
- Continue, copy and create repeating patterns Compare length, weight and capacity.
- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 .
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 , including double facts.
- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other Quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 , including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

