

Year 1 and Year 2 medium-term plan

Term 1			
Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Number and place value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1. Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, from any given number. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count, read and write numbers to <i>at least</i> 100 in numerals. Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, <i>in steps of 2, 3 and 5</i> beginning with 0 or 1. Count to and across 100 forwards and backwards <i>in steps of 10</i> from any given number. Given a number, identify <i>ten</i> more and <i>ten</i> less. Identify, represent <i>and estimate</i> numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line. 	<p>Week 4</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 1 Week 1: Counting within 50 – tackling ‘teens’ and ‘tys’</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 1 Week 2: Representing numbers using practical materials.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count to 100, forwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count from 100, backwards. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. <i>Recognize the place value of each digit in a 2-digit number (tens, ones)</i> Identify and represent (<i>and estimate</i>) numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number track (<i>line</i>).
			<p>Week 5</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 1 Week 2: One more, one less – counting on and back</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 1 Week 1: Skip counting in twos, threes, fives and tens</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count, read and write numbers to (<i>at least</i>) 100 in numerals <i>Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in 10 from any number, forwards and backwards.</i> Given a number, identify one (<i>ten</i>) more Given a number, identify one (<i>ten</i>) less <i>Recognize the place value of each digit in a 2-digit number (tens, ones)</i> Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number track (<i>line</i>).

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Addition and subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 • Add and subtract numbers using concrete and pictorial representations including 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent, recall and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 <i>fluently, and use related facts up to 100.</i> • Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and <i>mentally, including: a 2-digit number and ones; a 2-digit number and tens; two 2-digit numbers; adding three 1-digit numbers.</i> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, <i>including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.</i> • Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. • Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 	<p><u>Week 6</u> Y1 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 3: Introducing part-part-whole situations Y2 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 3: Representing simple addition and subtraction number sentences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add 1-digit numbers to 10. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 10. • <i>Add three 1-digit numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally.</i> • <i>Add a 2-digit number and ones using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally.</i>
			<p><u>Week 7</u> Y1 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 4: Part-part whole situations for addition Y2 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 4: Addition and subtraction within and to 20 (addition focus)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use number bonds within 10. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 10. • <i>Represent and use number bonds within 20.</i> • <i>Recall and use addition facts to 20 fluently.</i> • <i>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative).</i>
			<p><u>Week 8</u> Y1 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 5: Part-part-whole situations for subtraction Y1 Term 1 Unit 2 Week 4: Addition and subtraction within and to 20 (subtraction focus)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use number bonds within 10. • Represent and use subtraction facts within 10. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 10. • <i>Represent and use number bonds within 20.</i> • <i>Recall and use subtraction facts to 20 fluently.</i> • <i>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.</i> • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to solve missing number problems.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Measurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half). Measure and begin to record the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lengths and heights. Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening). Recognize and use language relating to dates including days of the week, weeks, months and years. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose and use appropriate <i>standard</i> units to <i>estimate</i> and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); <i>mass</i> (kg/g); <i>temperature</i> (°C); <i>capacity</i> (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =. 	<p>Week 9</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 5 Week 10: Describe and compare lengths and heights</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 6 Week 11: Measuring, comparing and ordering using non-standard and standard units (measuring focus)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights (for example, higher/lower, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, taller/shorter, double/half). Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Understand why we need standard units when measuring. Read scales to the nearest appropriate unit.
			<p>Week 10</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 5 Week 11: Put events in time order</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 6 Week 12: Measuring, comparing and ordering using non-standard and standard units (comparing and ordering focus)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sequence events in chronological order using language (or example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening). Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.
Multiplication and division	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognizing odd and even numbers. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. 	<p>Week 11</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 6 Week 12: Solve equal groups problems practically</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 3 Week 5: Multiplication as repeated addition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects. Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2 multiplication table, and begin practising counting in threes. Recall and use multiplication facts for the 5 and 10 multiplication tables. Recognize odd and even numbers.
			<p>Week 12</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 6 Week 13: Solve sharing or equal groups problems practically</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 3 Week 6: Missing number problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects. Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2 multiplication table, and begin practising counting in threes. Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 5 and 10 multiplication tables. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials and arrays, including problems in contexts.

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Addition and subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction • (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. • Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. • Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 	<p>Week 13</p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 4 Week 8: Addition facts</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 4 Week 7: Reasoning about addition and subtraction in the concrete and the pictorial</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use number bonds within 10. • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+) and equals (=) signs. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 10. • <i>Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures.</i> <hr/> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 4 Week 9: Subtraction facts</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 4 Week 8: Reasoning about addition and subtraction in the abstract</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use subtraction facts within 10. • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Subtract 1-digit numbers to 10. • Solve one-step problems that involve subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 10. • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to solve missing number problems.</i>
Fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. • Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize, find, name and write <i>fractions</i> $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. • <i>Write simple fractions, for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.</i> 	<p>Week 14</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 10 Week 6: What does a half or a quarter look and feel like? (shape focus)</p> <p>Y2 Term 1 Unit 5 Week 9: Recognizing and finding unit and non-unit fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of a shape or quantity. • Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of a shape or quantity • Recognize, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. <hr/> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 10 Week 6: What does a half or a quarter look and feel like? (extend to consider objects and quantities)</p> <p>Y2 Term 1t Unit 5 Week 10: Representing fractions to solve problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. • Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. • <i>Write simple fractions, for example $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3.</i>

Term 2			
Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Number and place value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use place value and number facts to solve problems. 	<p><u>Week 1</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 7 Week 1: Developing flexible counting and ordering to 100</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 7 Week 1: Model the problem (fluency through problem solving)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Given a number, identify one more. Given a number, identify one less. Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in words. Count to and across 100, forwards, beginning from any given number. Count back from any given number up to 100. Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line. Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. <i>Use place value and number facts to solve problems.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Addition and subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction • (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, <i>quantities and measures</i>; <i>applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods</i>. • Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>, including: a 2-digit number and ones; a 2-digit number and tens; two 2-digit numbers; <i>adding three 1-digit numbers</i>. • <i>Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.</i> • <i>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.</i> • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.</i> 	<p><u>Week 2</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 9 Week 3: Adding and subtracting to and from teens by bridging 10</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 8 Week 2: Add pairs of multiples of 10 to 100</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20. • Represent and use number bonds within 10. • Represent and use subtraction facts within 10. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 20. • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 <i>fluently</i>. • <i>Derive and use related facts up to 100.</i> • Add and subtract a 2-digit number <i>and tens</i> using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>. • Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including <i>those involving numbers, quantities and measures</i>. • <i>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.</i> • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to solve missing number problems.</i>
			<p><u>Week 3</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 9 Week 4: Finding the difference</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 8 Week 3: Use inverse relationships to solve problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 20. • Solve missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ (within 10). • Add and subtract a 2-digit number <i>and 10s</i> using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>. • Add and subtract <i>two 2-digit numbers</i> using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>.
			<p><u>Week 4</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 9 Week 5: Adding and subtracting within 20</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 8 Week 3 (cont): Use inverse relationships to solve problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represent and use number bonds within 20. • Represent and use subtraction facts within 20. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 20. • <i>Add and subtract a 2-digit number and 10s</i> using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>. • <i>Add and subtract two 2-digit numbers</i> using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally</i>.

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Measurement (money)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. 	<p>Week 5</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 8 Week 2: Working with money</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 9 Week 4: Finding amounts of money and giving change</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. Recognize and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.
Multiplication and division	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs. Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. 	<p>Week 6</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 12 Week 8: Solving multiplication from arrays problems</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 11 Week 6: Multiplication and division fact families</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs. Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. <p>Week 7</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 12 Week 9: Solving, practically, division from arrays problems</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 11 Week 7: Solving problems using multiplication and division, sometimes with remainders</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials and arrays, including problems in contexts. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs.

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Geometry: properties of shapes Statistics (Y2 only)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ 2D shapes, for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles. ◦ 3D shapes, for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, <i>including the number of edges, vertices and faces.</i> • Identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes, (for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid). • Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, <i>including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.</i> • Compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects. • <i>Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.</i> • <i>Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.</i> • <i>Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.</i> 	<p><u>Week 8</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 3 Week 6: Describe and name cubes, cuboids and spheres</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 13 Week 10: Properties of 2D and 3D shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize and name common 3D shapes, including for example, cuboids (including cubes), and spheres. • Recognize and name common 2D shapes, including for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles. • <i>Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.</i> • <i>Compare and sort common shapes and everyday objects.</i> • <i>Identify 2D shapes as the faces of 3D shapes.</i> • <i>Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of edges and line symmetry in a vertical line.</i> <hr/> <p><u>Week 9</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 1 Unit 3 Week 7: Use rules to sort cubes, cuboids and spheres</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 10 Week 5: Construct and interpret simple diagrams</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize and name common 3D shapes, including for example, cuboids (including cubes), and spheres. • <i>Interpret and construct simple pictograms and block diagrams.</i> • <i>Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category.</i> • <i>Ask and answer questions about categorical data.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Measurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) ◦ time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later). • Measure and begin to record the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ mass/weight ◦ time (hours, minutes, seconds). • Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening). • Recognize and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. • Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Choose and use appropriate <i>standard</i> units to <i>estimate</i> and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); <i>mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.</i> • Compare <i>and order</i> lengths, <i>mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.</i> • Compare and sequence intervals of time. • Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. • Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. 	<p><u>Week 10</u> Y1 Term 2 Unit 13 Week 10: Measuring mass (weight) Y2 Terms 1 Unit 6 Week 12 Review: Comparing and ordering measurements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than). • Measure and begin to record mass/weight. • Choose and use appropriate <i>standard</i> units to <i>estimate</i> and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); <i>mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.</i> • Compare <i>and order</i> lengths, <i>mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.</i>
			<p><u>Week 11</u> Y1 Term 2 Unit 13 Week 11: Time as the duration of events Y2 Term 3 Unit 15 Week 2: Telling the time to 5 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later). • Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds). • Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening). • Recognize and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. • Tell <i>and write</i> the time to the hour and half past the hour, <i>to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour</i> and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. • Compare and sequence intervals of time. • Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. Write simple fractions, for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. 	<p>Week 12</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 10 Week 6 (recap): What does a half or a quarter look and feel like?</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 12 Week 8: Recognizing, finding and naming fractions of area, sets of objects and quantities, and introducing thirds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. <hr/> <p>Week 13</p> <p>Y1 Term 2 Unit 10 Week 6 (cont): What does a half or a quarter look and feel like?</p> <p>Y2 Term 2 Unit 12 Week 9: Finding fractions of quantities and learning about equivalence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Write simple fractions, for example $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.

Term 3			
Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Number and place value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more and one less. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify, represent <i>and estimate</i> numbers using different representations, including the number line. <i>Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs.</i> 	<p><u>Week 1</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 3 Unit 14 Week 1: Developing flexible counting and number ordering to 100</p> <p>Y2 Term 3 Unit 14 Week 1: Order and compare 2-digit numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in words. Count to and across 100, forwards, beginning from any given number. Count back from any given number up to 100. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations, including the number line. Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Given a number, identify one more. Given a number, identify one less. Identify, represent <i>and estimate</i> numbers using different representations, including the number line. <i>Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100, using <, > and = signs.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Addition and subtraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures ◦ <i>applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.</i> • Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 <i>fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.</i> • Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and <i>mentally</i>, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ a 2-digit number and ones ◦ a 2-digit number and tens ◦ two 2-digit numbers ◦ adding three 1-digit numbers. • <i>Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.</i> • Recognize the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 	<p><u>Week 2</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 3 Unit 15 Week 2: Deepening addition and subtraction strategies</p> <p>Y2 Term 3 Unit 16 Week 3: Developing addition and subtraction strategies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20. • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds within 20. • Represent and use subtraction facts within 20. • Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and numbers to 20. • <i>Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently.</i> • <i>Derive and use related facts up to 100.</i> • Add and subtract 2-digit numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally.</i> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction <i>by applying increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.</i> • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations.</i> <hr/> <p><u>Week 3</u></p> <p>Y1 Term 3 Unit 15 Week 3: Solving change-unknown problems</p> <p>Y2 Term 3 Unit 21 Week 8: Problem solving using additive reasoning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ (within 20). • Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs. • Represent and use number bonds within 20. • Represent and use subtraction facts within 20. • Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero. • Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently. • <i>Derive and use related facts up to 100.</i> • Add and subtract two 2-digit numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, <i>and mentally.</i> • Solve problems with addition and subtraction <i>by applying knowledge of mental and written methods.</i> • <i>Recognize and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Geometry: properties of shapes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ 2D shapes, for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles. ◦ 3D shapes, for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, <i>including the number of edges, vertices and faces.</i> • Identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes, (for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid). • Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, <i>including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.</i> • Compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects. 	<p><u>Week 4</u> Y1 Term 3 Unit 16 Week 4: Properties of shapes Y2 Term 2 Unit 13 Week 10 (recap): Properties of 2D and 3D shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize and name common 3D shapes, including pyramids. • Recognize and name common 2D shapes, including for example, rectangles (including squares), circles, hexagons and triangles. • <i>Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.</i> • <i>Compare and sort common shapes and everyday objects.</i> • <i>Identify 2D shapes as the faces of 3D shapes.</i> • <i>Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of edges and line symmetry in a vertical line.</i>
Geometry: position and direction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences. • Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, <i>including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).</i> 	<p><u>Week 5</u> Y1 Term 2 Unit 11 Week 7: Respond to and use the language of position, direction and movement Y2 Term 3 Unit 18 Week 5: Pattern, position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe position and direction. • Describe movement including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. • <i>Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.</i> • <i>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement in a straight line.</i> • <i>Use mathematical vocabulary to describe movement, distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
<p>Multiplication and division</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, <i>repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</i> 	<p><u>Week 6</u> Y1 Term 3 Unit 18 Week 7: Solving multiplication problems using arrays Y2 Term 3 Unit 17 Week 4: Using grouping and sharing to solve problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, <i>mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</i>
			<p><u>Week 7</u> Y1 Term 3 Unit 18 Week 8: Solving multiplication and division problems Y2 Term 3 Unit 22 Week 9: Identifying equal and unequal number sentences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve one-step problems involving division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, <i>repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</i>
			<p><u>Week 8</u> Y1 Term 3 Unit 18 Week 8 (cont): Solving multiplication and division problems Y2 Term 3 Unit 22 Week 10: Solving simple scaling problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve one-step problems involving multiplication by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve one-step problems involving division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, <i>repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</i>

Strand	National Curriculum Year 1 objectives	National Curriculum Year 2 objectives	Content (Year 1 and Year 2 sub-objectives)
Fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Write simple fractions, for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 3$ and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$. Recognize, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. 	<p>Week 9 Y1 Term 3 Unit 19 Week 9: Representing and finding halves and quarters Y2 Term 2 Unit 12 Week 9 (recap): Finding fractions of quantities and learning about equivalence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Write simple fractions, for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 3$ and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.
			<p>Week 10 Y1 Term 3 Unit 19 Week 10: Halves and quarters are all around us Y2 Term 3 Unit 20 Week 7: Relationships between fractional parts and wholes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognize, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, set of objects or quantity. Write simple fractions, for example $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 3$, and recognize the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.
Measurement Statistics (Y2 only)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter). Measure and begin to record the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> lengths and heights capacity and volume. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose and use appropriate <i>standard</i> units to <i>estimate</i> and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); <i>mass</i> (kg/g); <i>temperature</i> ($^{\circ}$C); <i>capacity</i> (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using <i>rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels</i>. Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>$, $<$ and $=$. Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. 	<p>Week 11 Y1 Term 3 Unit 17 Week 5: Measuring volume and capacity Y2 Term 1 Unit 6 Week 12 (recap): Comparing and ordering measurements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare, describe and solve practical problems for capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter). Measure and begin to record capacity and volume. Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>$, $<$ and $=$. <p>Week 12 Y1 Term 3 Unit 17 Week 6: Measuring length and height Y2 Term 3 Unit 19 Week 6: Representing and interpreting data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables. Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.