

Maths Curriculum

A whole school approach to maths culture, curriculum, assessment, pedagogy and CPD... all of our children can be mathematicians!





Culture

All of our children can be mathematicians!

All of our children can be mathematicians!

At Lingfield Education Trust (LET), our maths **culture**, that underpins and informs all that we do, is based around our shared belief that **all of our children can be mathematicians** – and enjoy the journey of getting there! Our culture is one of **all** staff members being the best prepared possible to ensure **all** children can master **all** of maths. At LET, mastery means every stakeholder moving together to improve their maths – not just children.

This culture informs the **intent** of our maths **curriculum**: all children to factually fluent, procedurally fluent and flexibly fluent so that they can reason to solve problems. We know this intent will give them the best possible chance to master maths at secondary school and have confidence in the workplace and everyday life situations. We intend for our children to be life-long lovers of maths. Our curriculum is designed so that all children learn content in the right order and for the right amount of time.

To **implement** our curriculum, we base our **pedagogy** around a consistent lesson delivery model (LDM) that fuses together the best of cognitive science approaches and the mastery approach to maths. Our robust LDM has several benefits:

- It acts as daily CPD for our staff about the most effective way to help children learn mathematical content
- Allows predictability and consistency for children, especially those with SEND needs
- Acts as a daily induction model for new staff

Learning steps and units of learning last as long as they need for all children to have grasped a concept/area of maths – a proper mastery approach.

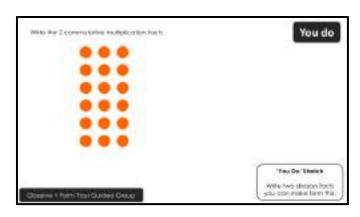
To ensure that our curriculum has the desired **impact**, we have a robust assessment, monitoring and **CPD** model that encompasses both pre and post-unit assessments, summative assessments, fluency checks along with ongoing checks for understanding in lessons. Running alongside this same day intervention is at the heart of our curriculum to ensure all children are ready for their new learning.

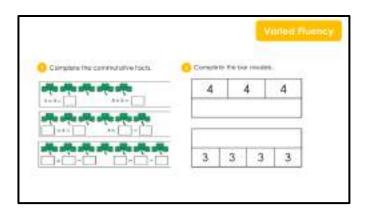
High-Quality Resources

High-quality, expert-made lesson resources are provided for staff. Why?

- to ensure all children receive the same high-quality science of learning & mastery-based learning opportunities
- to tackle workload issues and thus allow our teachers to be as fresh as possible to deliver high-quality learning opportunities
- to allow our staff to reallocate their preparation time to rehearsal, adapting resources & coming up with 'plan B' including for focus
 groups
- to craft some spare time for staff to engage in reading and research around the teaching of maths from our 'maths reading library'
- to embed consistent, codified learning routines throughout school as we know this has a positive impact on both academic and behavioural outcomes
- to allow for smooth transitions between year groups and staff (for example supply or TA cover)









Curriculum

All of our children can be mathematicians!

Main Maths Curriculum

Our curriculum is one aimed at ensuring our shared belief, that all of our children can be mathematicians, becomes a reality.

We believe strongly that all children can learn their intended curriculum if it is sequenced correctly and affords children enough time to learn mathematical content. For that reason, we have based our curriculum around the following materials:

- NCETM Curriculum Prioritisation
- Oak National Academy
- NCETM Mastering Number EYFS
- White Rose Maths & Master the Curriculum (EYFS)
- Number Sense Fact Fluency
- DfE Teaching Children to Calculate Mentally

Where possible, statistics and measures are applied in the wider curriculum to give them a meaningful context and purpose. Skills learned in these areas are then built into our systematic spaced retrieval sessions. In order for connections to be built up between mathematical concepts and representations, maths other than the focus content is built into the varied fluency of maths lessons.

To ensure all children can access mathematical content, we apply the science of cognitive load theory to our curriculum so that children have the prerequisite knowledge for a unit. For example, formal written multiplication is only taught when multiplication table facts have been secured; column addition is only taught when addition/subtraction table facts have been secured.

Each year group's curriculum finishes with a consolidation unit that gives children the chance to practice key skills before the summer recess thus reducing the summer learning loss. This unit is vital as it acts as a buffer so that we can give units and lessons as long as they need for learning to be secured by all.

Our EYFS curriculum planning has the same depth and detail as the rest of school, as we recognize how essential the best possible start is. EYFS maths has its own section in this document.

Learning sequences identify linked mental maths/fact fluency starters; where a dedicated practical lesson is required; where a problem-solving lesson fits; when assessment/pause/stretch should take place; and when a practice lesson is required to allow children to simply consolidate what they have learnt.

Daily Maths Timetable

This curriculum aims to deliver mathematical excellence for all children.

For this happen the following daily mathematical diet is followed.

These sessions are to be split to address cognitive load issues.

Maths Lesson

1 Hour

New Content

Fluency

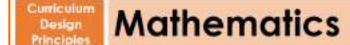
15 minutes

SDI

Every child secure before next lesson

Retrieval 15 minutes (3x week)

Curriculum Design Principles





Substantive Knowledge

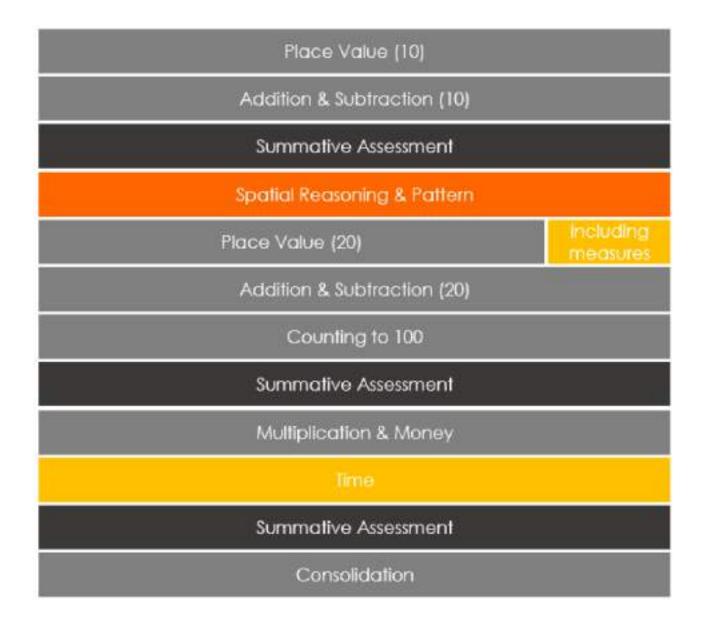
This document is supported by the Mathematics Masterclass webinar, housed within the Trust CPD portal. The Trust also has an optional Mathematics curriculum available, which exemplifies each of the below design principles.

Each of our schools are required to ensure that the National Curriculum content for mathematics is adhered to, as a minimum. In line with National Curriculum guidance, schools are free to introduce new content at any point in the relevant key stage. To ensure all of our children have the best possible maths education, our maths curriculum meets all of the standards of **LET** curriculum design principles.

Overall Curriculum Considerations	
is the curriculum a mastery curriculum that allows all pupils to move together securing fluency, reasoning and problem-soli	ring?
Early Years	5
Does the EY curriculum have the same level of detail as K\$1 and K\$2V	- 16
Does the EY curriculum plan for the teaching and practice of matching, sorting, ordering, comparing and patterning?	1
Does the EY curriculum develop spatial awareness and spatial reasoning skills?	F
Does the EY curriculum develop a secure understanding of sublitsing, counting and quantity?	1
Does the EY curriculum develop a secure understanding of number composition to 109	-
Does the EY curriculum develop a secure understanding of pattern and patterns within the number system?	In In
Does the EY curriculum lead to automaticity in some add and take facts within 10?	- 3
Fact Fluency	
Does the curriculum plan for the systematic feaching of a conceptual understanding of KSI addition and subtraction facts	8 1
Does the curriculum plan for the assessment of addition and subtraction fact automaticity?	
is there a systematic approach to the retention of KS1 addition and subtraction facts in LKS29	18
is there a systematic approach to the remediation of KS1 addition and subtraction facts in LK529	- 1
Does the curriculum plan for the systematic teaching of a conceptual understanding of multiplication and division facts?	-
Does the curriculum plan for the assessment of multiplication and division fact automaticity?	-
is there a systematic approach to the retention of multiplication and division facts in UKS29	2
is there a systematic approach to the remediation of KS1 multiplication and division facts in UKS29	- 5
	- 9
	1 4

20 Dalicilline	knowledge
is there a c	chesent approach to teaching at substantive knowledge by the end of the key stage?
Does the c	unfoulum lead to Year 6 children being laught all Year 6 curriculum content?
Procedural	Knowledge
Does the c	untarium equip all pupits with knowledge of how to calculate using a range of mental strategies?
	unculum equip all pupils with knowledge of how to lay out and complete formal algorithms?
Conditions	Knowledge: arithmetic
Is there a s strategies?	stematic approach to feaching children how to decide upon the most efficient calculation strategy including mental
Conditions	I Knowledge: reasoning and problem-solving
is there a s	stematic - reasoning hierarchy based - approach to feaching reasoning®
Are all chili	tien taught to reason and given opportunities to reason?
is there a s	stematic approach to teaching all children to solve-problems?
Are all chill	dien taught to solve a wide range of problems?
Greater De	pth
Does the o	unfaulum plan for exposing children, who have grasped content rapidly, to rich and sophisticated problems?
Mixed-Age	
is there an	effective, and fair to feachers, mixed-age confoulum with the same level of defail as non-mixed?
Retrieval	
is there a v	stematic and documented approach to retrieving prior learning from across the full curticulum?
Interventio	
Does the c	unfoulum explicitly build in same day intervention so no child encounters new learning without prior learning secure?
Curriculum	Documentation
	tear long term plan in place – which units are studied by which year groups in which term?
Are units w	thin the curriculum sequenced in an effective manner?
	n ferm plans effectively sequence small steps of learning®
Do unit de: place?	algris act as sequences of learning that allow teachers to know when problem-solving and assessments should take
is there an	effective calculation policy that is integrated into the curriculum?
is there an	effective manipulatives policy that is integrated into the curriculum?
Does the o	unfaulum plan to expose children to mathematical careers?
Does the c	uniculum plan to expose children to historical mathematicians and their legacy?
Assessmen	1
Does the s	chool have effective fact fluency checks for addition/subtraction and multiplication/division?
Does the se have not k	chool have effective end of unit assessments that act as a diagnostic tool for determining what children have and samily
	chool have effective end of term summative assessments that find out if children can bring the different strands of the los curticulum together?
	dentified from assessments addressed?

Curriculum Sequences



Number, Place Value, Calculations, Fractions

Geometry

Measurement

Statistics

Assessment

Learning Sequences



Y3 Maths Plan

Unit Fractions

Learning Steps

Prior learning check & remediation/deepening of prior

Wholes, equal parts and unequal parts
Identify equal parts when they don't look the same
Identify unit fractions

Match fractions to division

Match fractions to fraction notation

Order unit fractions by size of denominator

Order unit fractions on a number line

Repeated addition of unit fractions to form a whole

Find unit fractions of amounts 1

Find unit fractions of amounts 2

PS Lesson: unit fractions (visual problems)

Assessment

Pause & Stretch: re-assessment & deepening as required

PS Skills Lesson: finding starting points

Spaced Retrieval Sessions



To ensure the content learnt in maths lessons is retained, all learning is built into our systematic, spaced retrieval plans.

This ensures that all key knowledge is regularly retrieved and that nothing is left out.

This also means maths lessons can focus on that year group's new content.

These sessions are daily for 15 minutes.

See appendices for full retrieval plans.

Week	Addition / PV	Subtraction / PV	Multiplication	Division	Fractions	GMS
1	PV: value of digits, order	partition, compare, (Y3-4)	Multiplying with 1 and zero (Y2)	Dividing by 1 and itself (Y2)	Tenths – fractions & decimals (Y5)	Vertical, Horizontal, Parallel, Perpendicular (Y3-4)
2		unding 3-4)	Short Multiplication (Y5)	Short Division (Y5)	Hundredths – fract & decimals (Y5)	Mass & Capacity (Y3,4,5)
3	Decimal Plac	ce Value (Y5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Multiply fractions (Y5)	2D-3D shape + symmetry (KS1+Y3-4)
4		cluding temperature 4,5)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Multiply mixed numbers (Y5)	Length (Y3,4,5)
5	Mental Methods (Y3-4)	Mental Methods (Y3-4)	Multiplying with 1 and zero (Y2)	Dividing by 1 and itself (Y2)	Non-unit fractions of amounts (Y5)	2D & 3D shape + regular/ir (KS1+Y3-4)
6	Written Methods (Y3-4)	Written Methods (Y3-4)	Short Multiplication (Y5)	Short Division (Y5)	Equivalent fractions (Y5)	Pictograms & Bar/Line Charts (Y6)
7	Mental Methods inc decimals (Y5)	Mental Methods inc decimals (Y5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Fraction-decimal basic equ (Y5)	Coordinates (Y5)
8	Written Methods inc Written Methods inc decimals (Y5) decimals (Y5)		Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	ID/compare/order unit/non-unit (Y3-4)	Pie Charts & Circles (Y6)
9	PV: value of digits, orde	partition, compare, r (Y6)	Long Multiplication (Y6)	Short Division (Y5)	Mixed into improper & vice-versa (Y3-4)	Translations & Reflections (Y5)
10	PV: rounding (Y6)		Short Multiplication (Y5)	Short Division (Y5)	Fractions of amounts (Y5)	Reading Time (Y3-4)
11	Decimal Place Value (Y5)		Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Add/take fractions (Y3-4)	Angles (Y5)
12	Negative Numbers including temperature (Y3-4,5)		Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	FDP Equivalence (Y5)	Area & Perimeter (Y3,4,5,6)
13	Mental Methods (Y3-4)	Mental Methods (Y3-4)	Long Multiplication (Y6)	Short Division (Y5)	Multiply fraction & WN (Y5)	Translations (Y5)
14	Written Methods (Y3-4)	Written Methods (Y3-4)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	Moving Digits (Y3,4,5)	FDP Equivalence (Y5)	Volume (Y5.6)
15	Mental Methods inc decimals (Y5)	Mental Methods inc decimals (Y5)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Scaled Facts (Y3-4)	Multiply mixed numbers (Y5)	Triangles (area, angles) Y6

Fact Fluency Sessions

Fact fluency – what we call fingertip knowledge – is what makes maths accessible for all. We know that without this children cannot access and enjoy the wider maths curriculum.

To ensure fact fluency is not a barrier for any child, we have dedicated daily fact fluency sessions that ensure children gain a deep conceptual understanding of these facts, which leads to automaticity.

These sessions are daily and last for 15 minutes in each year group.

KS1 focus on addition/subtraction tables. LKS2 focus on multiplication/division tables.

UKS2 focus on applying these facts to wider mental strategies, thus retrieving the basic facts to working memory.

School has a **conceptual** fact fluency program

School practises for automaticity internally; heatmaps; class & individual focus for the week; keychains, posters, etc

School engages in LET fluency checks

School targets intervention based on data

In follow-Up Year, systematic retention and remediation programs

Fact Fluency Checks

To ensure the conceptual teaching of fact fluency leads to automaticity, children complete half-termly fact fluency checks.

For the resultant interventions are planned.

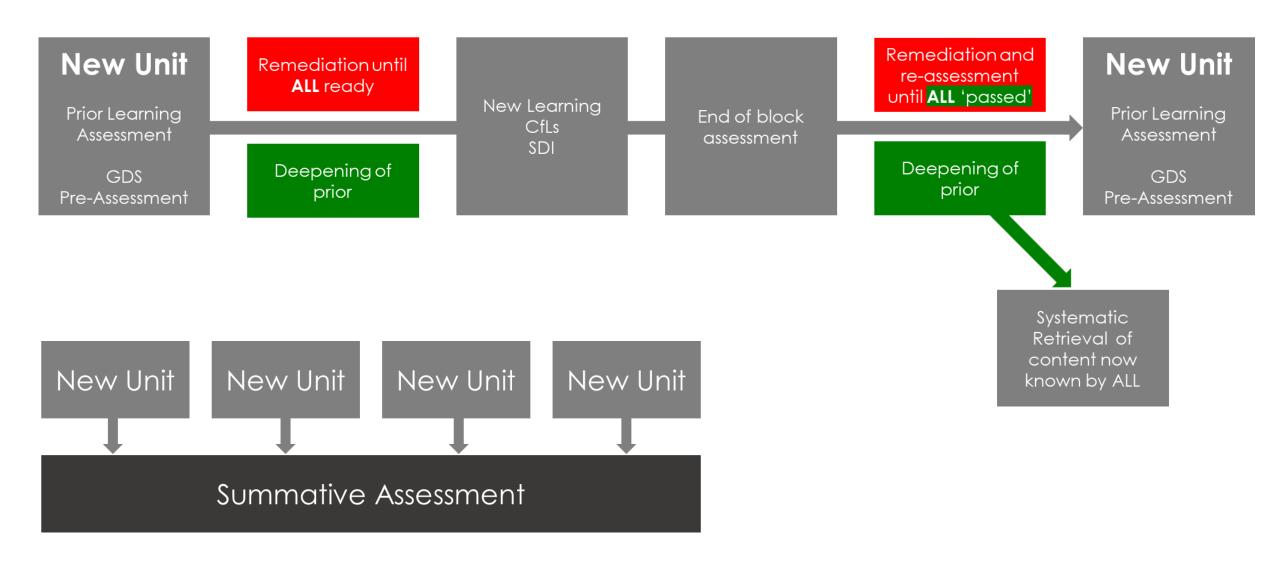
		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	,	No Check	+ within/to 5	+ within/to 10	+ within/to 10	+ & - within/to 10	+ & - within/to 10
	Year 1	Allows time to get routines & some transcription skills in place	This is YR content	Autumn content that was given time to be taught & retrieved Only addition	Autumn content that was given time to be taught & retrieved Now with subtraction	Aut & Spr content that was given time to be taught & retrieved	All Year 1 content (it was taught in Autumn and Spring
	Year 2	+ from 10-20	+ from 10-20	+ & - from 10-20	+ & - from 10-20	Bridging 10 Addition	Bridging 10 Addition
	rear 2	End of Y1 content No bridging 10	End of Y1 content No bridging 10	Now with bridging 10 but only addition facts for the bridging questions	Now with bridging 10 but only addition facts for the bridging questions	Full Y2 content including + & - for bridging questions	Full Y2 content including + & - for bridging questions
	Year 3	Bridging 10 Addition & Subtraction	Bridging 10 Addition & Subtraction	x2,10,5	x2,10,5	x2,10,5,3,4,8	x2,10,5,3,4,8
	Year 4	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck
	Year 5	TTRS soundcheck	TTRS soundcheck	mixed +/-/x/÷	mixed +/-/x/÷	mixed +/-/x/÷	mixed +/-/x/÷



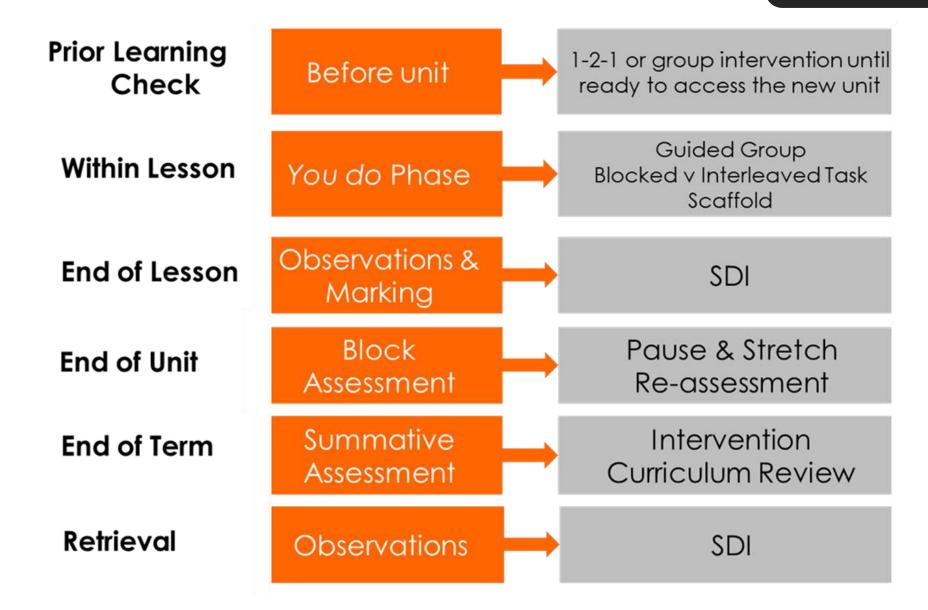
Assessment

All of our children can be mathematicians!

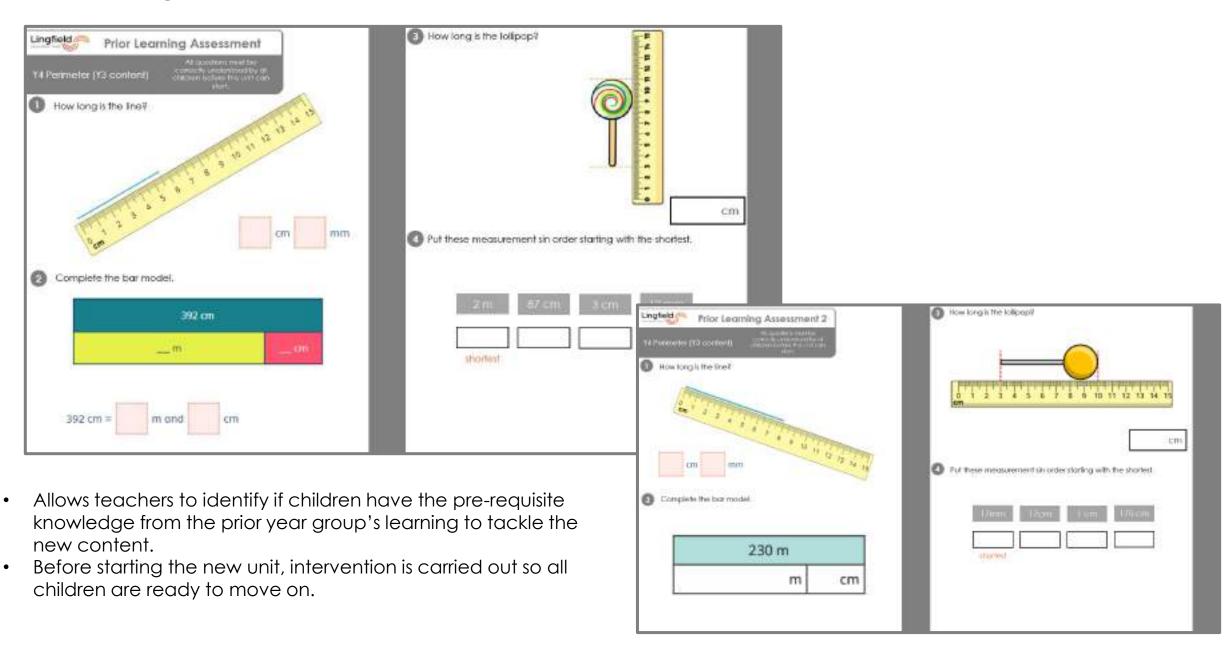
Assessment Model



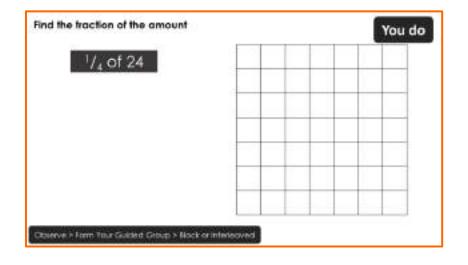
Layers of Assessment

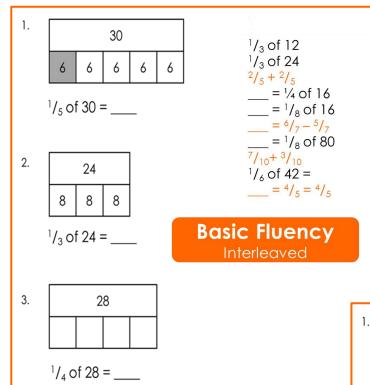


Prior Learning Checks

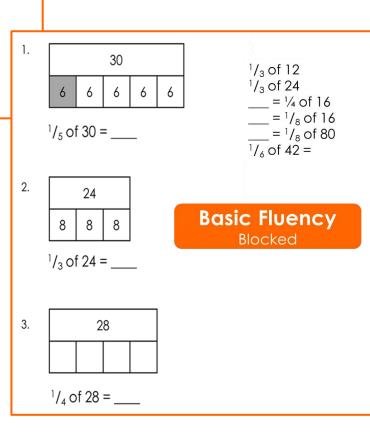


Within Lesson Assessment



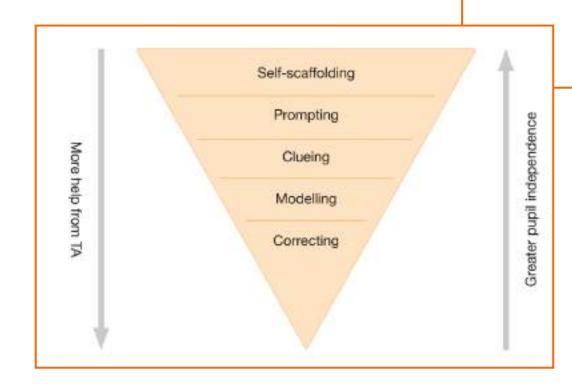


- After the teaching and modelling process, a 'you do' question completed independently and matching the full difficulty of the first task is used to signpost which children will work on the interleaved task and which will work on the blocked task (with support where required).
- This ensures all of the more confident mathematicians are stretched even in their basic fluency.
- This is all based on assessment in the lesson based on 'checks for understanding.'



End of Lesson Assessment

- Marking that identifies precise misconceptions to create a positive feeling for maths – lots of what I did was correct!
- Marking informs same day intervention (SDI) so all new learning is built on a secure understanding of previous learning.

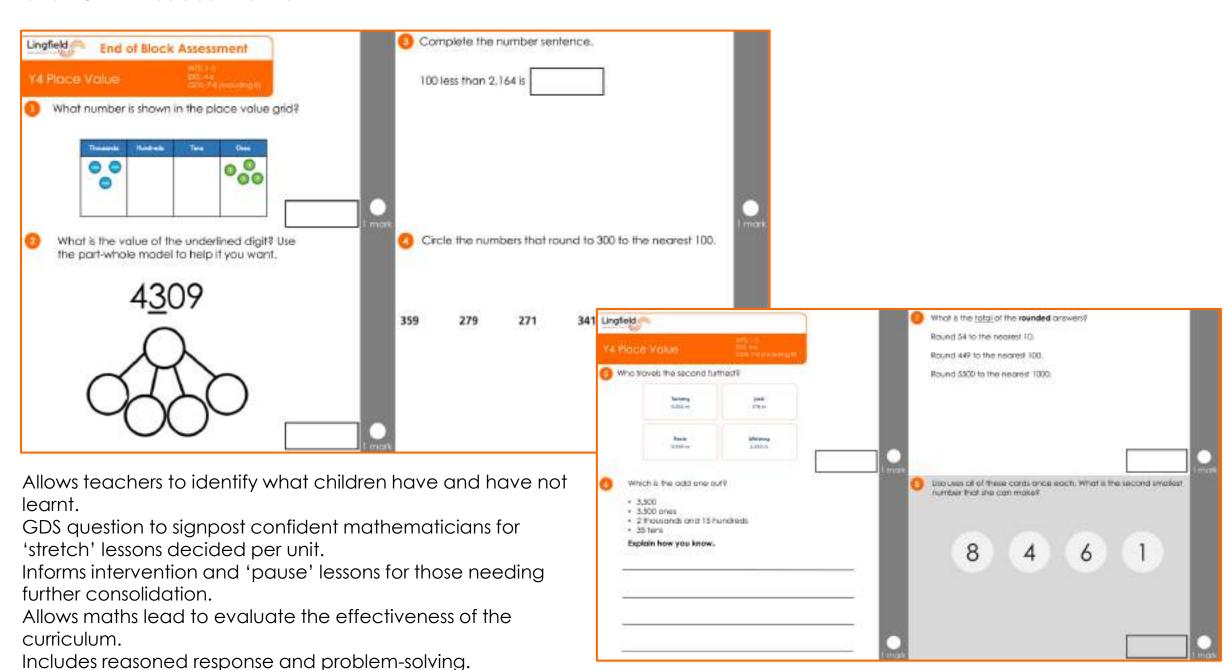


Misconceptions matter but don't signpost everything as a misconception!

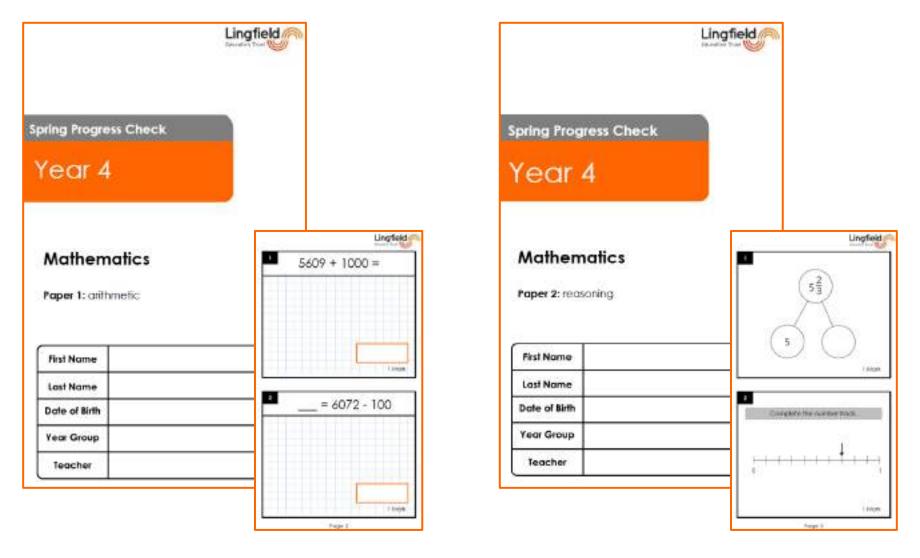
Draw children's attention to 3/4 correct and only 1/4 not.

- SDI that fosters independence.
- Not just correcting but intervention to secure understanding before the next new learning.

End of Unit Assessments



Summative Assessments



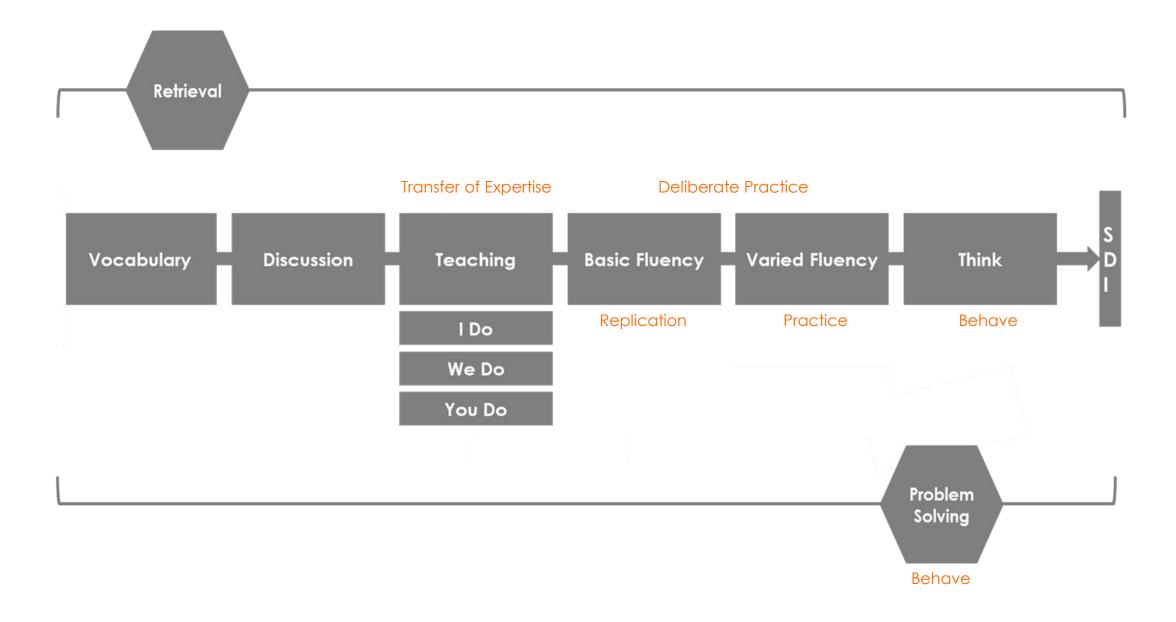
- Allow teachers to find out if children: can work on different maths concepts at the same time; can link their maths learning together and solve multi-step and multi-domain problems.
- Allows maths leads to evaluate the effectiveness of the curriculum.
- Taken when children are ready; when the content has been taught.



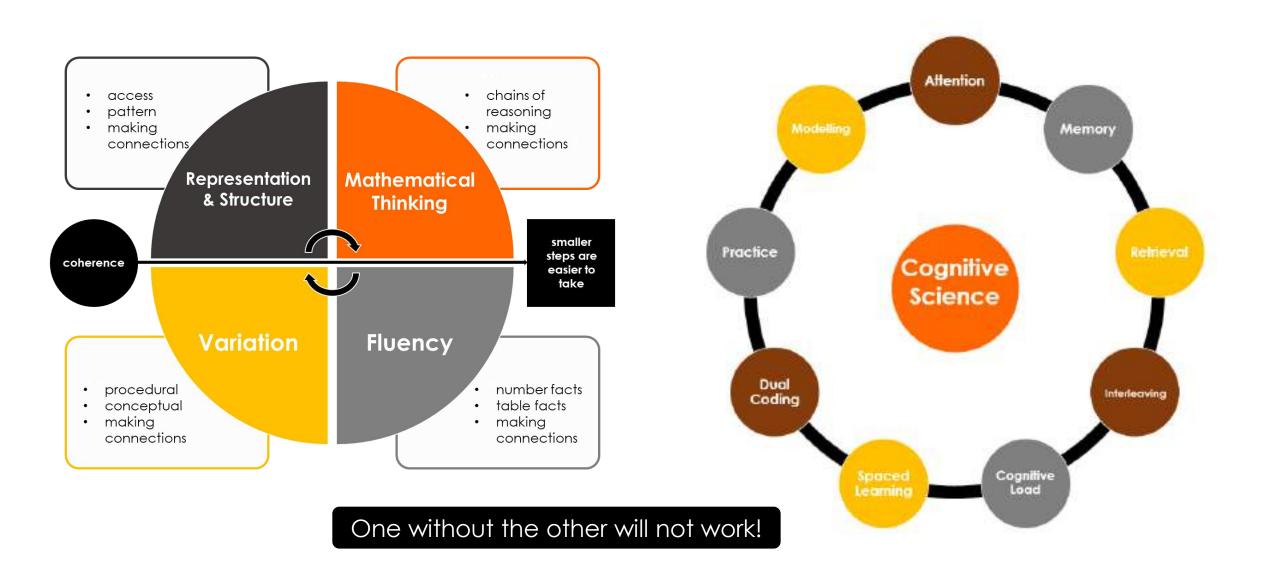
Pedagogy

All of our children can be mathematicians!

Our lesson delivery model (LDM) that brings all of the following pedagogies together...



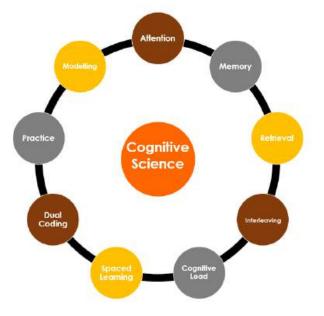
A fusion of the best of the mastery & cognitive science approaches



Cognitive Load Theory

Cognitive Load Theory is central to our curriculum and lesson design: we know that for our cultural belief - *all of our children can be mathematicians* - to be a lived reality requires that their working memory is not overloaded. Our approach to maths addresses this in several ways:

- Extraneous visual and auditory stimuli are removed where at all possible, for example lesson slides and tasks have only what is required on them and teachers say just what is needed.
- The curriculum is built around small steps.
- Our lesson delivery model (LDM) ensures children are taught key vocabulary and fact fluency before it becomes a barrier in the lesson.
- The LDM is built around a robust *I* do, We do, You do model so children are instructed in small steps.
- Varied fluency and variations are built in once the core concept has been secured using our chosen accessible representations and procedures.
- We never want fact fluency to be a barrier to wider maths competence and therefore we have daily, dedicated fluency sessions for all year groups.
- Likewise, we never want a lack of time to rush fluency or prevent problem-solving, therefore we have dedicated problem-solving lessons to ensure all children can be taught problem-solving, practise problem-solving and independently solve problems once fluency in an area has been secured.



Interleaving & Method Selection

To ensure our children are presented with the optimal amount of desirable difficulties our basic fluency tasks are designed with the principles of interleaving and method selection in mind.

As children regularly have to come off the lesson content question and attend to some interleaved content, they are constantly having to 'reload memories' of the lesson input – they can't just drop into routine.

For children, who may need further scaffold with the lesson content, we use our You Do lesson component to decide which children work on the 'interleaved' task and which work on the 'blocked' task until secure.

Based on research, interleaving is only used in KS2.

Basic Fluency: long multiplication

- a) 1111 x 11 =
- b) ___ = 2222 x 22
- c) 3233 x 23 =
- d) __ = 2233 x 32
- e) = 3234×34
- f) ___ = 6806 x 42
- g) ___ = 8786 x 67
- h) 9039 x 42 =
- i) 5678 x 49 =

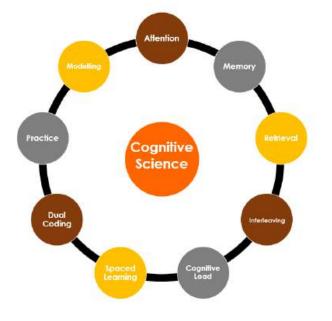
Basic Fluency: long multiplication

- a) $1111 \times 11 =$
- b) ___ = 2222 x 22
- c) $9 \times 4 =$
- d) $3233 \times 23 =$
- $= 2233 \times 32$
- f) $43 \times 8 =$
- a) $4315 \times 6 =$
- h) 40 x 80 =
- ___ = 3234 x 34
- j) ___ = 6806 x 42
- k) 3451 x 10 =
- l) = 8786 x 67
- m) $9039 \times 42 =$
- n) 45.2 x 20 =
- o) $\frac{2}{5} \times 4 =$
- p) 5678 x49

n | | <u>|</u>

Basic Fluency: long multiplication

- a) $1111 \times 11 =$
- b) ___ = 2222 x 22
- c) A rhombus has ___ right angles
- d) $3233 \times 23 =$
- e) __ = 2233 x 32
- f) 4307m = km
-) 4315 x 6 =
- h) 3.52pm in 24hr time = ____
- $= 3234 \times 34$
- = 6806 x 42
- k) A rectangle measure 24m by 6m what is its perimeter?
-) = 8786 x 67
- m) 9039 x 42 =
- n) = 456.2 + 3.986
- o) $\frac{2}{5} \times 4 =$
- p) 5678 x49



Spaced, Systematic Retrieval Practice

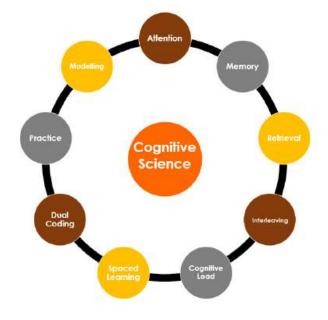
The simple view of memory tell us that in order for learning stored in the long-term memory to be retained and not decay, it needs to be regularly retrieved from this storage.

To ensure that all of the key learning from our curriculum is retained, we have a systematic plan for spaced retrieval. This means that key knowledge/skills are retrieved on a planned cycle.

We have also allowed research to guide us in terms of who does retrieval, when and how:

- In order for us to know what every child knows, children complete retrieval tasks individually.
- It is the act of thinking that causes retrieval and so children complete retrieval independently retrieval is more effective than a reminder.
- Our retrieval sessions are separate to our main maths lessons to ensure the narrative flow of lessons is not disturbed as this can increase cognitive load. This also allows us to unpick any misconceptions as the main maths lesson time is not affected.
- Each time a piece of knowledge/skill is retrieved on the cycle, it is brought back using a slightly different prompt thus further strengthening the memory.

To help manage cognitive load with younger children, KS1 are presented with one retrieval question at a time, that they do individually and independently.





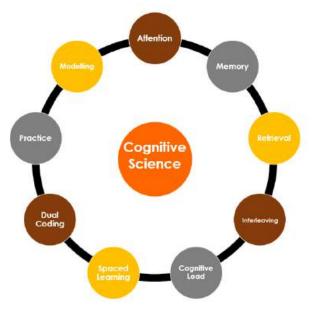
Spaced, Systematic Retrieval Practice

Lingfield

Spaced Retrieval

Year 4: Autumn

Week	Addition / PV	Subtraction / PV	Muttiplication	Division	Fractions	GMS
1	PV: value of digits, partition, compare, order		Multiplying with 1 and zero	Dividing by 1 and Itself	1/2 of shape and amount	Patterns
2	Mental Methods Mental Methods		Equal Groups & Repeated +	Division by group & share	14 of shape and amount	20 Shape
3	Written Methods	Written Methods	Table Facts	Table Facts	% of shape and amount	30 Shape
4	Inverse Checks	Approximation Checks	Scaled Table Facts	Scaled Table Facts	Unit fractions	Position & Direction
5	Missing Number	Balance Number Equations	Mental Methods	Mental Methods	Non-unit fractions	tength
6	PV: value of digits, partition, compare, order	PV: rounding	Written Methods	Written Methods	equivalence	Mass & Capacity
7	Mental Methods	Mental Methods	Missing Number	Missing Number	Add/take fractions	Money
	Written Methods	Written Methods	Balance Equations	Balance Equations	Fractions of amounts	Rme
9	Inverse Checks	Approximation Checks	Multiplying with 1 and zero	Dividing by 1 and itself	1/2 of shape and amount	Statistics
10	Missing Number	Balance Number Equations	Equal Groups & Repeated +	Division by group & share	1/4 of shape and amount	Pattern & 20/30 Shape
11	PV: value of digits, partition, compare, order	PV: rounding	Table Facts	Table Facts	1/4 of shape and amount	Position & Direction
12	Mental Methods	Mental Methods	Scaled Table Facts	Scaled Table Facts	Unit fractions	Length
13	Written Methods	Written Methods	Mental Methods	Mental Methods	Non-unit fractions	Mais & Capacity
14	Inverse Checks	Approximation Checks	Written Methods	Written Methods	equivalence	Time
15	Missing Number	Balance Number Equations	Missing Number (including balance equations)	Missing Number (inc balance equations)	Add/take fractions	Money

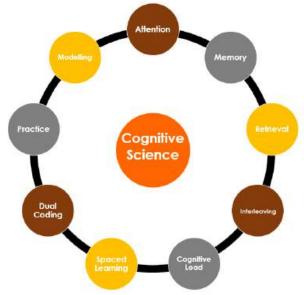


Spaced Learning

Addition/subtraction and multiplication/division table facts are crucial to children enjoying maths and being successful at it. We recognize that typical approaches, which are based around a one-off two-week block of work, are not effective in ensuring all children learn all of these facts to automaticity. The cognitive load is too high.

We have applied the concept of spaced learning to our fact fluency with children developing a deep conceptual understanding that leads to automaticity over a greater amount of time.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Addition Facts to 5	Addition Facts to 5	Addition Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20
Year 2	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20 Bridging 10
Year 3	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20	x2, x10, x5 Multiplication Facts	x2, x10, x5 Multiplication Facts	x4, x8, x3, x6 Multiplication Facts	x4, x8, x3, x6 Multiplication Facts
Year 4	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12
Year 5	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts
Year 6	Application	Application	Application	Application	Application	Application



Direct Instruction & Enquiry

Direct instruction using an *I do, We do, You do* model lies at the heart of our system of the transfe of expertise.

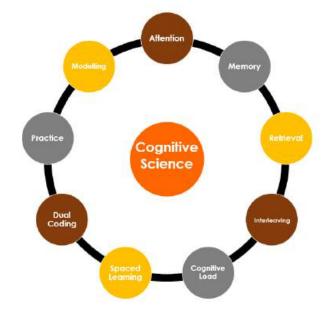
New content is delivered through direct modelling in the *I do* phase.

Further expertise is then transferred through the **We do** phase, where teachers and children work together in a **faded scaffolding** way on a concept or skills. Rich reasoning questions lie at the hec of this teacher-child phase.

Following this children work collaboratively on the learning with guidelines and roles so that both participants are active learners.

To ensure that staff know whether their teaching has been received by all, or which children may need further support in a guided-group, the **You do** phase is completed before children work independently. We want them to practice and encode success not misconceptions. This is our check.

Based on research we have a discussion component early on in our lesson deliver model (LDM) that allows children to **enquire** and discover – through a clever prompt - what the new learning for the day is and why it is important – we find that children alighting on this themselves is really effective at engaging all learners as they have found their own purpose – something they do not yet know.





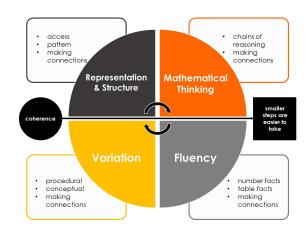
Our Mastery Approach To Maths

Coherence

• The precise ordering of content in our curriculum, acts as scaffolding for our children in itself.

Fluency

- Fact fluency is developed within maths lessons but also within additional, daily fluency sessions. In these sessions, a deep conceptual understanding is developed using a range of manipulatives and visual representations. To ensure this leads to automaticity, daily automaticity practice is built into maths lessons and automatic recall is assessed every half-term.
- To ensure our children are truly fluent, our maths lessons are structured in a way that children have to apply their fluency to a range of variations and varied fluency prompts.



Variation

• In order to ensure too much variation early on does not lead to cognitive overload, our lessons are structured in a way that children work on what we decide is the most accessible representation/procedure to initially learn a concept/skill. Immediately after this, children work on a range of variations to strengthen their understanding. This initial 'basic fluency' phase tightly matches the direct instruction and working wall scaffold. The 'varied fluency' phase also allows us to pair this new learning with other areas of maths to build connections, for example comparison questions presented on a bar chart.

Representation & Structure

• Concrete resources are used to introduce new concepts in each year group of school, as they help children expose the structure of maths, for example our children use a tens frame to see how 7 + 4 can be represented as 7 + 3 to make a new ten leaving the 1 as a bit for ten and a bit as 11. When manipulatives are first introduced, specific lessons are planned to teach how to actually use the, before they are paired with mathematical content. We also know that for each piece of learning 'concreteness fading' needs to be applied so children can ultimately work without scaffold.

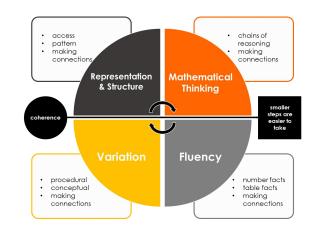
Mathematical Thinking

We view reasoning as 'reasoning throughout' not as an end of lesson task. Children are asked to reason throughout maths lessons, including how new learning links to old, reasoning with the precise mathematical vocabulary taught and about how to tackle problems. To ensure all children are taught how to be problem-solvers, practice being problem-solvers and acts as independent problem-solvers, we have dedicated problem-solving lessons when a concept/skill has been secured.

Fact Fluency – Never A Barrier!

As a school we run a dedicated fact fluency program to support our main maths curriculum to ensure that fact fluency is never a barrier to our children's wider maths development.

These sessions run for 15 minutes daily and embed a deep conceptual understanding of these facts though the use of manipulatives. This is then turned into automaticity using our mental maths/fact fluency starters and half-termly fluency checks. The data from these fluency checks is then used to inform precise, targeted intervention.

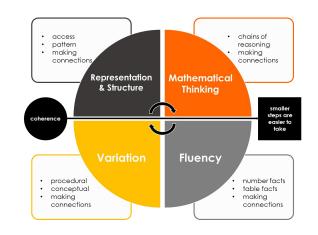


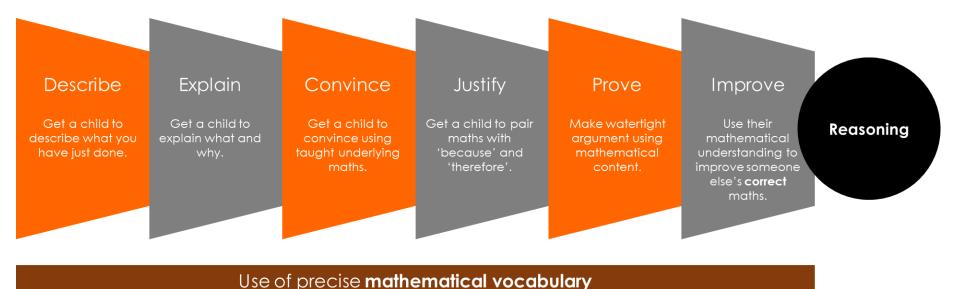
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Year 1	Addition Facts to 5	Addition Facts to 5	Addition Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	
Year 2	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 10 and from 10 to 20	Addition Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20 Bridging 10	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20 Bridging 10	
Year 3	Addition & Subtraction Facts to 20	Subtraction Subtraction		x2, x10, x5 Multiplication Facts	x4, x8, x3, x6 Multiplication Facts	x4, x8, x3, x6 Multiplication Facts	
Year 4	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	
Year 5	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Multiplication Facts to 12 x 12	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division Facts	
Year 6	Application	Application	Application	Application	Application	Application	

Systematic Teaching of Reasoning

To ensure that our children are proficient in reasoning about mathematics, we have a rigorous, systematic approach:

- Precise mathematical vocabulary is directly taught, practised and applied
- Reasoning prompts are introduced one-at-a-time so children master each before learning new structures. When each is secure, variation in prompts is added.
- Over the course of a week during this learning phase, initial days are build around verbal responses to ensure children can speak it before writing it and then later in the week written responses are worked on.
- The aim is that this systematic approach allows all children to be able to reason effectively in verbal and written form using a range of reasoning structures.



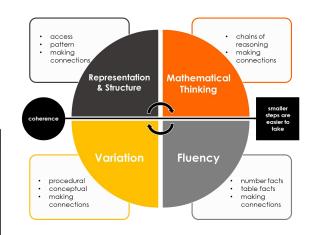


Our key reasoning prompts are used to frame discussions in other subjects too. The rationale is that as our children develop comfort and competency with the reasoning sentence frames in other contexts, when they are asked them apply them to novel maths ideas, they only have to use working memory on the maths.

Systematic Teaching of Reasoning

Structured **verbal** practice

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Discussion Opener
What's the same? What's different?					
Odd one out?	Previously taught and practised				
Always, sometimes, never?	Always, sometimes, never?	Always, sometimes, never?	Always, sometimes, never?	Always, sometimes, never?	reasoning structures are kept fresh and revisited through
What went wrong?	use in discussion				
Convince me is correct/not	starters. For example, in week 2 what's the				
Prove that	same/different can be used.				
Improve	Improve	Improve	Improve	Improve	De osea.



In the first Autumn Term, we remove variation so we can add it add the right time. Each week a new reasoning structure is taught and practised moving from structured verbal work to structured written work. The next week a new structure is introduced.

Structured written practice

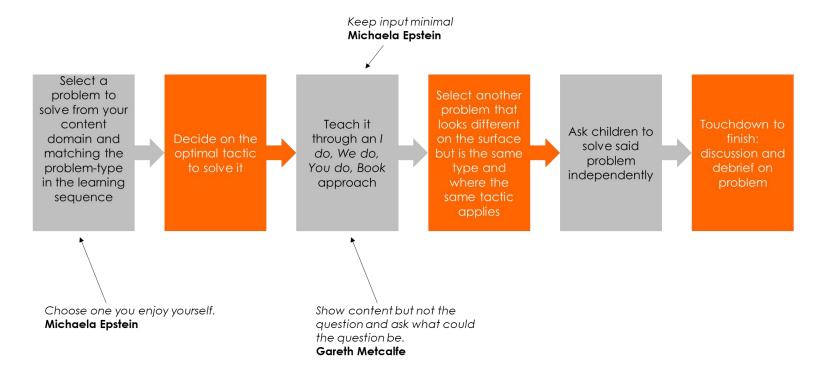
Structures learnt in previous weeks are kept refresh and revisited in the discussion opener of each lesson.

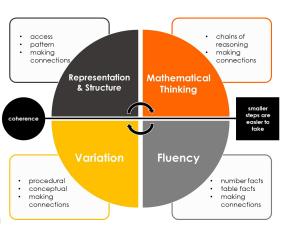
After Autumn Term 1, variation in structures and can be introduced at the right time so all can do it.

We know a mixed bag from day one will exclude some children who can actually do it!

Direct Teaching of Problem-Solving

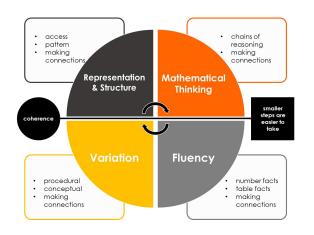
- All children are taught a full range of problem-solving skills; all are exposed to a range of problem-types; all practice a range of skills; and all independently apply learnt skills.
- Problem-solving is taught when underlying content is secure.
- We have a specific LDM for our dedicated problem-solving lessons that ensures it is a problem-solving approach for all.
- Problem types are built into learning sequences to ensure children are systematically taught each skill, each year.
- Based on National Curriculum guidance, K\$1 children do less problem-solving. Year 1 are introduced to it in Spring and then just one lesson per block is planned for in K\$1 to ensure fluency takes precedent.
- As children progress through school they are exposed to a wider range of problem types linked to units of work.
- Alongside this, each year group has one half-termly generic problem-solving skills lessons with the aim being that these skills can then be further applied in content-based problem-solving lessons.





Direct Teaching of Problem-Solving

Open-ended problems	Real-life word problems	Working backwards	More than one possibility
Problems with multiple steps	All possibilities	Problems with multiple domain content	Investigations
Spotting patterns and rules	Visual Problems	Logic	As a general rule of thumb, a numerical value or values will be the desired outcome.



Problem-Solving Skills

The underlying problem-solving skills to teach are:

- Term 1: Trial and Improvement... Resilience
- Term 2: Systematic approach
- Term 3: Working collaboratively
- **Term 4:** Finding starting points
- Term 5: Visualising
- Term 6: Conjecturing & Generalising

Y1	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	ReaHife Word						
Y2	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	ReaHife Word	Working Backwards					
Y3	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	Real-life Word	Working Backwards	Open Ended		_		
Y4	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	ReaHife Word	Working Backwards	Open Ended	Multi-Step			
Y5	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	ReaHife Word	Working Backwards	Open Ended	Multi-Step	All Possibilities	Multi- Domain	Investigation
Y6	Rules & Patterns	More than 1 Possibility	Visual problems	Logic	ReaHife Word	Working Backwards	Open Ended	Multi-Step	All Possibilities	Multi- Domain	Investigation



SEND & GDS

All of our children can be mathematicians!

GDS & SEND



cational Needs

Mathematics for ALL

In order to support children with SEND in meeting the ambitious curricular goals, we apply a range of specific support, adaptation and modification methods, specific to the child and their needs. These could include:

- Use of maths manipulatives both physical and electronic to progress learning from concrete to pictorial to abstract - most maths is quite abstract and this presents a challenge for SEND pupils.
- Use a consistent range of manipulatives at first so pupils have a go to resource that they know well before using a wider range.
- Reduce the cognitive load required for tasks (minimising the amount of steps, simplifying the recording, not overloading with non-essential information)
- Reduce the amount the amount of reading required and ensure decoding levels match the
- · Ensure reading aspects of maths have improved accessibility, including larger font, bolds, the use of different colours and avoiding italics (Simpler versions of text so that reading materials match the child's reading ability)
- Pre-teaching of pertinent vocabulary will support learning, as well as having clear displays and/or points of reference for the children to remember and use vocabulary correctly.
- Use of additional adult when possible
- Splitting teaching and tasks up into smaller steps: teach a step of learning and do tasks linked to it and then do the next steps - avoiding all teaching and all tasks at once.
- Pay extra attention to the grading of difficulty of the work only add one extra element of challenge at a time, for example carefully moving from no exchanging, to some, to lots, to exchanging from zeros in column subtraction.
- Slowed down pace of learning and use of consolidation, for example lots of work on basic skills and varied fluency before reasoning and problem solving
- When even the basic fluency mentioned above is too challenging then, where necessary, differentiated outcomes and tasks.
- . When SEND pupils do access reasoning and problem solving use sentence stems/starters to
- Use modified scientific resources (e.g. thermometer, measuring containers, scales)
- Mixed ability groupings/paired work/peer support
- Task targets/clear success criteria
- Visual stimuli/hooks- turn abstract in to concrete
- Constructive working atmosphere research suggests quieter atmospheres aide maths
- Pre-teaching of pertinent vocabulary will support learning, as well as having clear displays and/or points of reference for the children to remember and use vocabulary correctly.
- Pre-teaching vocabulary, vocabulary maps/word banks Use of visuals to support understanding of key concepts
- Use of own communication methods / aids such as PECS, Makaton, writing, drawing
- Use of sentence stems to frame answers
- Allow verbal responses where necessary

To ensure all of our children are supported and challenged to the highest possible standard, our maths curriculum and pedagogy meet all of the standards of LET curriculum for all.

Use of maths manipulatives – both physical and electronic – to progress learning from concrete to pictorial to abstract – most maths is quite abstract and this presents a challenge for SEND pupils. Use a consistent range of manipulatives at first so pupils have a go to resource that they know well before using a wider range. Awareness of sensory needs, modification of learning environment (light, sound, seating) Modifying visual sources, e.g. pictures, text Written sources may be converted to auditory form. Provide activities that require movement for pupils who learn best through doing and for pupils who find it difficult to sit still for long periods - e.g. role-play, using the interactive whiteboard with pupil involvement. Pre-teach of concepts so pupils feel confident about the lesson to help avoid maths anxiety. Agree with pupils before lesson about answering group questions to avoid pupils feeling being Pre-emptive pre-teach sessions for when the teaching of the curriculum and personal beliefs may conflict. Some children show skill, knowledge or aptitude above that which is typically expected for their subject, for their age. It is important that these children are afforded the apportunity to shine

- Greater Depth Maths expectations are clearly stated at individual objective level through the Trust exemplification materials and mini assessments tasks.
- Pupils can demonstrate all elements of Y6 expected outcomes in a range of contexts and types of problems solving (measurement, time, word problems, logic puzzles, finding all possibilities, true/taise, finding and describing patterns and sequences)
- Pupils can solve more complex tasks with multiple steps.
- Pupils can solve problems that involve multiple mathematical concepts, for example having to convert between units before being able to solve a problem and then back afterwards.
- Pupils can solve open-ended problems, where there are multiple possibilities.
- Pupils can generalise from findings and create rules/patterns to solve further questions of a similar type, for example pupils may notice that the corners of triangles total 180°, those of auadrilaterals total to 360° and so those with five sides would total a further 180° to make 540°.
- Pupils can solve a problem / answer a question using a range of strategies not just one.
- Pupis can guide other pupis to age-related expectations by teaching and modelling a
- It is important to note that while pupils working at a greater depth of understanding should be able to apply their existing knowledge to solve new ones, there is also a place for teaching such pupils the strategies needed to solve more complex problems.

GDS

Deepening after prior assessments

Interleaving

Stretch

GDS tasks

Stretch lessons – deepening after post assessments

Systematic Retrieval

SEND

Not letting gaps emerge in EY & K\$1!

Prior Learning Checks (finding starting points)

Direct instruction

Dual Coding

CfL & Guided Group

Scaffolds within lesson

Adult support

SDI

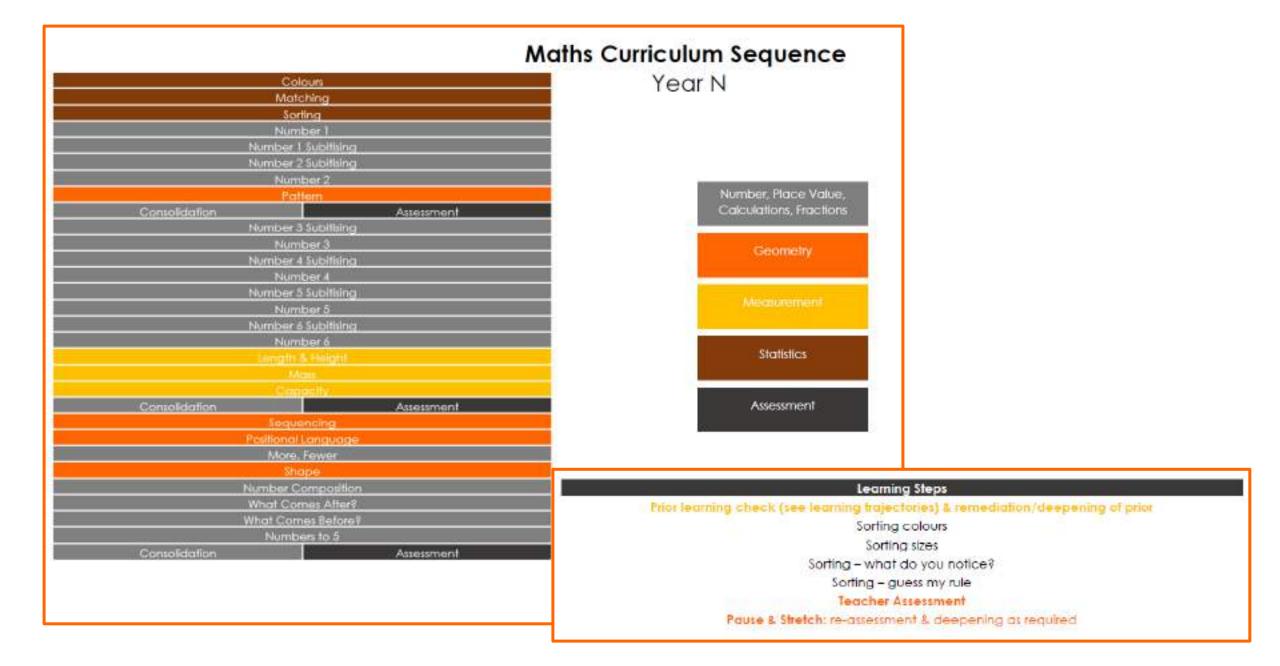
All with a view to allowing children to be taught with their peers wherever possible.



EYFS

All of our children can be mathematicians!

Curriculum Detail & Support... the same as the rest of school!



Pedagogy

Dedicated maths area that had chances to revisit the key areas of early maths (matching, sorting, ordering, comparing, patterning, spatial reasoning.

Also lots of maths picture, story books available in said area

Culture... to make lovers of maths Curriculum (as detailed as primary) Reasoned Introduction... wonderings (valued wonderings) Direct Instruction (ideally in a circle) Focused, adult-led Maths play Purposeful, adult-initiated maths play built around Shrec Child initiated, free play using the maths

Lots of chances for fine motor skills – this is a real barrier for some of our Y1 chn in terms of pencils and manipulating manipulatives!

Simple shared whiteboard system to note who still needed to experience an area or had a gap to address

We know our target group and WE FIND THEM!

The key concepts of early maths

Schemas

A repeated action that children use to learn about the world

Posting
Emptying
Enveloping
Filling
Rotating
Transporting
Connecting & Lining-Up
Enclosing



Subitising

Counting

Composition to 10

Early Parental Engagement



Maths in EYFS

- Direct mathematical teaching
- Play-based consolidation, intervention and stretch in areas

Mathematical Routines

- Register on five frames
- Snacks from 5 frames
- Paying for snacks
- Tidying up through shadowing
- Count in lines

Mathematical Input

- Subitising starter
- Sat in circle
- Direct teaching
- Discussion
- Reasoning
- Choral recital
- No opt out
- Relatively short
- Teach how to use areas
- Master the Curriculum
- White Rose / NCETM Mastering Number

Maths Through Provision (in and out)

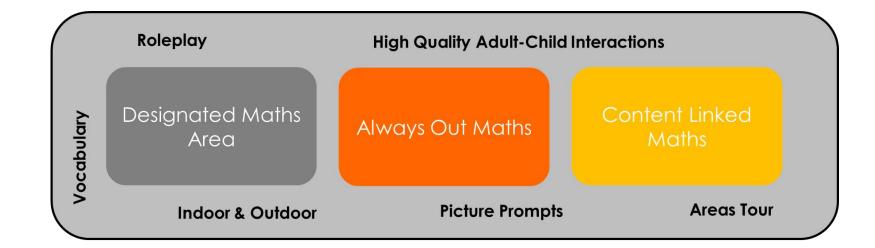
Content Linked Always Out Maths

- Defined areas
- Engaging, lovely, enticing areas
- Activities directly linked to the input some via adult some independent as you have taught the play
- Vocabulary on boards for adults
- Maths area used for further focus group teaching while others play maths
- Tracking of areas

- Spatial awareness
- Sorting
- Matching
- Ordering
- ComparingPatterning
- Subitising
- CountingNumber composition
- Picture prompts

Assessment

- Shared SDI board
- Areas
 Tracking
- LET Trust
 Ready
 Documents



- Mathematical play based on unit of work
- Patterning and spatial awareness play always provided

Assessment



Educational Programme:

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

To ensure all of our youngest children in EYFS have the best possible start to their maths education, our maths EYFS curriculum meets all of the standards of **LET trust-ready documentation**.



"The learning process is something you can incite, literally incite, like a riot."

Audre Lorde



Early Years Expectations: Nursery Trust Ready

Mathematics



Area of <u>Learning</u>: Mathematics

Summer Term N2 (N2+)

By the end of the Summer term N2 children should be able to...

- Subitise up to three objects (fast recognition without counting)
- Recite numbers past 5 by rote and with visual aid e.g number track with picture to match each numeral
- Count back from 5 to 0 by rote
- Hold fingers up correctly for each number to 5 when counting orally.
- Count on in 1s from any number up to 5 visual aid and fingers
- Chant rhymes and songs involving numbers to 5 and beyond, e.g., 1,2,3,4,5 once I caught a fish alive
- Recognise numerals 0-3
- Counting one-to-one correspondence to 3 how many? (1:1 principle)
- Counting one-to-one correspondence to 3 give me? (1:1 principle)
- Know that the order in which objects are counted doesn't affect the total e.g left to right or right to left ... (order irrelevance principle)
- When counting objects, Say one number for each item in order e.g 1,2,3 ... (stable order principle)
- Know that the last number reached when counting a small set tells you how many there are (cardinal principle)
- Know that anything can be counted to 3, for example drum beats, claps, pictures in a book, large objects and tiny... (Abstraction principle)
- Link numerals and amounts to up to 3 by matching objects to the number
- Experience the language of zero meaning nothing through play and every day practical activities, e.g., there are no oranges left in the bowl
- Display an understanding of the composition of numbers to 3, practical part whole model
- Practical exposure to quantities, more/fewer, eg, snack time.
- Be able to recognise and name numicon pieces for 1, 2, 3,4 and 5
- Say some common shape names, e.g., circle, square, rectangle, triangle
- Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes using informal language sides, corners, straight, flat, round
- Sort by a given criteria.
- Understands and uses the language of position, e.g., on, inside, next to, under, over, in front, behind through play, for example a doll's house or garage
- Create their own spatial patterns showing some organisation or regularity.
- Make models in the block area and respond to practitioners using the vocabulary can you make it taller? Shorter? Longer?
- . In meaningful contexts, find the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items
- Recognise and discuss patterns on clothes, in nature and in the environment, e.g., stripes, spots, checks, etc.
- Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern show AB patterns correct and incorrect
- Recall a sequence of events in everyday life and stories
- Begin to use time words such as now, then.
- Begin to sing days of the week introduce yesterday and tomorrow

Spring Term N2 (N2=)

By the end of the Spring term N2 children should be able to...

- . Recite numbers up to 5 and beyond with support Adult to model counting at all times in the school day, for example lining up, giving out fruit...
- Begins to point, touch or move each item, saying one number name for each item 1, 2, 3 (stable order principle) whilst playing
- · Begin to recognise numbers which are familiar to themselves.

- Continue work on conceptual subitising, what do you notice? What do you see?
- Chant rhymes and songs involving numbers, e.g., five speckled frogs
- · Show fingers for numbers to 5 with support whilst counting or singing number songs
- Becoming familiar and aware of (through play) the key mathematical resources, including: numicon, counters, tens frames and cubes
- Compare two small groups of objects, saying when there are the same/different number of objects in each group, e.g., 'You've got two, I've got two. Same!'
- · Play with and begin to name some common shapes, e.g., name circle, square
- Respond to both informal and common shape names, e.g., find something pointy, twisty, wiggly, bumpy, heart, star, flower, straight, wavy, bent
- Classify and sort shapes by a given criteria, for example big circles and small circles
- Begin to understand and respond to the language of position, e.g., on, inside, next to, under, over, in front, behind playing with practitioner and following
 instructions
- Show an awareness of what's happening now and what is happening next through every day activities, getting dressed first socks then shoes
- Create and extend AB patterns, e.g., stick, leaf, stick... red, blue, red ... movement patterns clap, stamp ...

Autumn Term N2 (N2-)

By the end of the Autumn Term N2 children should be able to...

- Shows an interest in numbers through games and playful activities
- · Begin to say the number names, some of which are in the right order (rote counting)
- Begin to count on their fingers to 3
- · Compare amounts saying which has more or the same
- · Listen and enjoy number songs and rhymes join in with some parts e.g finish the line of song, fill in missing parts
- · Explore how things look from different viewpoints including things that are near or far away
- Explore differences in size, length, weight and capacity which one is longest? Heaviest? Full? Empty?
- Predict, move and rotate objects to fit the space or create the shape they would like (inset puzzles and pattern blocks)
- · Begin to understand some talk about immediate past and future before, now and next
- Join in with simple patters in sounds, objects, games, stories, dance and movements, predicting what comes next

N1 (N1+)

By the end of the Summer Term N1 children should be able to...

- Listen to, enjoy and begin to sing counting songs such as '10 Green Bottles', '1, 2, Buckle My Shoe' and '1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive' as a means to
 develop early counting
- Join in with listening to books and stories involving numbers, for example My Three Book, and join in with naming numbers in the book
- Talk about numbers around them, for example from door numbers, and begin to know that numbers are part of everyday life
- Say some counting words, engaging in counting-like behaviour, making sounds and pointing or saying some numbers possibly in sequence
- Begin to learn about shapes by having fun exploring a range of resources including: 2d shapes, 3d shapes and blocks to create their own simple structures and arrangements
- · Begin to explore capacity by selecting, filling and emptying containers
- Begin to compare and recognise changes in number of things, using words like more, lots of, same
- . Show interest in what happens next using the pattern of everyday routines, including times of the day such as, meal times or home time



Educational Programme:

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.



"The learning process is something you can incite, literally incite, like a riot."

Early Learning Goal: Mathematics | Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number;
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5;
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including
 double facts.

Progression towards the Early Learning Goal

Rt By the end of the Summer term children should be able to...

- Recognise and read numbers to 10 including when not in order and show that they
 understand the relationship between them
- Display a deep understanding of the composition of numbers up to 10, (e.g. make 10 in different ways and combinations using manipulatives/objects)
- Display accurate 1:1 correspondence to 10, using concrete apparatus then visually
- Confidently count to 10
- Match numeral to quantity up to 10 inc. out of sequence
- Subitise to 5 (conceptually and perceptually)
- Understand 1 more and 1 less for numbers to 10
- Mentally recall number bonds up to 5 without apparatus and up to 10 (with apparatus if needed)
- Calculate addition bonds and subtraction facts to/within 10 using apparatus and/or number track if needed (i.e. by using 2 sets of objects) – link to 1:1 correspondence
- Know that addition and subtraction are related (practically through the language of part whole)
- Mentally, quickly recall all doubles to 5 (i.e. double 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Other areas to consider...

- Make sensible estimates within 10 and beyond using subitising if possible or counting to check
 - Use the vocabulary (link to C&L) of addition and subtraction in practical contexts and in discussion part, whole, altogether, take away, more than, less than to 10 inc. comparison of quantities
- Recognise numerals of personal significance (ie. age, number in family, numerals on clocks, door numbers, etc),
- Know which month/day comes before/ after a given month/day
 Understand largest, most, smallest, least, fewest and numbers
- Understand largest, most, smallest, least, fewest and numbers beyond 10—'Order and compare 3 objects according to length, height, mass link to SSM
- Form the digits 0-9 accurately
- Introduce writing the digits 0 9 in squares (Year 1 ready)
- Recognise the verbal abbreviation for ordinal numbers and relate
- this to date of own birthday (e.g. 9th of May), months of year 1st, 2nd- and finishing positions in a race. Link to SSM)
- Link ordinal numbers to months/days of week 1st 2nd (K) ...link to SSM
- Subitise beyond 5 (conceptually and perceptually) dots on a dice, numicon piece, ten-frame, pebbles, etc,

R= By the end of the Spring term children should be able to...

- Recognise and read numbers to 8 including when not in order with the aid of a number track, picture clues
- Accurately use 1:1 correspondence with concrete and visual resources to 8
- Know that anything can be counted e.g. claps, drum beats... to 8
- Count an irregular arrangement to 8
- Match numeral to quantity to 8

- Make sensible estimates using subitising within estimating number of pebbles, conkers, (link to <u>UtW</u>), etc.)
 - Begin to use the vocabulary (link to C&L) of addition and subtraction in practical contexts and in discussion part, whole, altogether, take away, more than, less than to 8 inc. comparison of quantities

- Display a deep understanding of the composition of numbers up to 8 e.g. make 8 in different ways (with concrete aids) (use manipulatives e.g. 10 frames and double sided counters, numicon (including over lapping), unifix, part whole model
- Become more confident with the part whole model for numbers to 8
- Find 1 more and 1 less using numbers to 8 compare using manipulatives and number <u>tracks</u> (links to 'Number Patterns – compare quantities up to 10)
- Mentally recall addition bonds up to 5 through the language of part whole
- Mentally recall subtraction facts up to 5 through the language of part whole
- Find number bonds up and including 6, 7 and 8 (using concrete aids to help)
- Explore that addition and subtraction are related (practically through the language of part whole)
- Subitise (perceptual) to 5- dots on a die, numicon piece, ten-frame, real objects
- Recognise doubles up to 4 (double 1, 2, 3, 4) concrete aid or fingers (within composition)
- R- By the end of the Autumn Term children should be able to...
 - Recognise and name numbers 0 to 5 when not in order
 - Counting: 1:1 correspondence to 5 how many?
 - Counting: 1:1 correspondence to 5 give me?
 - Know that anything can be counted (to 5) claps, drum beats...
 - Count an irregular arrangement to 5
 - Understand that zero means nothing
 - Match numeral to quantity to 5 concrete and visual
 - Display a deep understanding of the composition of numbers up to 5 (use manipulatives e.g. 5 frames and double-sided counters, numicon (including over lapping), unifix, part whole model
 - Explore the concept of wholes and parts using objects, quantities and numbers within numbers
 - Find 1 more and 1 less <u>numbers</u> to 5 using concrete and number track (not no. line at this point)
 - Find number bonds to 2, 3 and 4 (using concrete aids to help)
 - Subitise (perceptual) to 4 dots on a die, numicon piece, ten-frame, real objects
 - Recognise doubles 1 and 2 concrete aid or fingers (within composition)

- Begin to use ordinal numbers first, second ... tenth in real life situations (e.g. race results/ days of the month)(K) (SSM)
- Understand largest, smallest & number in-between up to 8 no. track
- Form the digits 0-8 accurately
- Say number sequences within 10 forwards and backwards eg.
 4,5,6,2? 7,6,5??
- Explore the language of halves e.g. cut the fruit,

- Begin to understand and use ordinal numbers first, second -- in real life situations (e.g. race results/position in queue)
- Know that a pair means two
- Understand and find pairs of socks, gloves, legs ...
 (practically using the vocabulary same/ <u>different</u>) <u>UtW</u>
- Order and compare sets of numbers and quantities/objects up to 5 (UtW)
- Understand largest and smallest numbers within 5 using practical/visual aids e.g. no. track
- Form the digits 0 to 5 accurately
- Understand and use directional language forwards, backwards, turn around, on top, underneath, next to. Drip Feed

Early Learning Goal: Mathematics | Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- · Be able to verbally count beyond 20, recognising the patterns of the counting system
- . Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than, or the same as the other quantity
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including odd and even numbers, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

Progression towards the Early Learning Goal

By the end of the Summer term children should be able to...

- Count by rote from 0 forwards to 20 and beyond
- Count by rote forwards in 1s from any number to 20 and beyond
- Compare and order a variety of quantities up to 10, recognising greater than, less than and the same as in practical context (inc. quantities)
- Understand and use the vocabulary more, most, fewer, less than and equals, the same as with quantities up to 10
- Instant recognition of odd and even numbers to 10 represented by structures e.g. dots, even numbers always have a partner/pairs (made visible)
- Automatic recall of doubles to 5 (double 1,2,3,4 & 5)

Other areas to consider...

- Count to/back in 1s from 20 count people onto/off a queue/add/take away single objects
- Pronounce teen numbers correctly sixteen not sixty

SSM

- Chant the months of the year by heart
- Begin to link ordinal numbers to each month
- . Know which day and month comes before/ after a given day and month
- Name the four seasons
- Becoming aware of the analogue clock counting around the clock to 12 and recognise and read o'clock times
- Becoming aware of the language associated with time (long hand, short hand, hour, minutes, clock, watch)
- Compose and decompose shapes, children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can
- Classify and sort objects according to a <u>criteria</u> and begin to sort objects using own criteria
- Continue given repeating patterns (sound, colour, shape, objects)
- Create own repeating patterns.
- Order and compare 3 objects according to length, mass, capacity
- Understand and use the vocabulary longer, taller, wider, shorter, narrower, heavier, lighter, deep, shallow.
- Recognise and calculate using coins 1p, 2p, 5p, 10p, 20p

R= By the end of the Spring term children should be able to...

- Count in 1s forwards to 20 visual aid
- Count forwards in 1s from any number (to 20) visual aid
- Count back in 1s from 20- visual aid
- · Say the number before and after to 10 visual aid
- Compare a variety of quantities up to 5 recognising more/greater than, fewer/less than and the same as
- Understand and use the vocabulary more, most, greater than, fewer, less than and equals, the same as with quantities up to 5
- Explore odd and even numbers to 8 (represented by structures) recognising and discussing the patterns e.g. odd numbers

- Instant recall +1 -1 numbers to 20 visual aid
- Pronounce numbers correctly with support copy me

SSM

- Chant the days of the week
- Know there are 7 days in a week
- Know which day comes before/ after a given day
- Know which days are the weekend
- Know what day it is today, yesterday, tomorrow
- Chant the months of the year with support
- . Know which month your birthday is in

- there's always one left out and even numbers always have a partner
- Explore that addition and subtraction are related (practically through the language of part whole)
- Doubles to 5 concrete aid or fingers.

- Understand general time of day and chronology of day in school and at home (develop vocab: morning, lunch, tea, home time, bed etc)
- Understand position through words e.g. "The bag is under the table," with no pointing (under, on top, next to, behind, in front)
- Name and describe common solid shapes cube, cuboid, Use the language solid, face, edges
- Sort objects using two criteria e.g. Sort solid shapes straight edges, curved edges
- Find something bigger than, smaller than, taller than, shorter than, heavier, lighter, deeper.
- Find something the same size, equal to (length, weight, capacity)
- Continue a simple repeating pattern e.g. red, blue, red ... apple, banana, apple ...
- Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern
- · Talk about money using the terms, pennies, pence, change, amount
- Read price tags in role play shop up 1p, 2p, 5p,10p

By the end of the Autumn Term children should be able to...

- Count by rote forwards and backwards to 10 visual aid
- Hold fingers up correctly for each number to 10
- Count on and back in 1s from any number to 10 visual aid and fingers
- Know by heart the number before and after numbers to 5
- Chant rhymes involving numbers e.g. 1,2 buckle my shoe...

MZZ

- Chant the days of the week with support.
- Begin to know what day it is today.
- Begin to know what day it is tomorrow.
- Sort objects using a given criteria e.g. big, small, heavy, light.
- · Name and describe common flat shapes circle, square, rectangle, triangle.
- Use the language flat, sides and corners.
- Classify and sort objects into sets according to given criteria, areas in classroom with labels, block area, pencils into colours, buttons e.g. colour, shape, holes in centre,
- Copy a given pattern (sound, colour, shape, objects _]e.g. clap, clap, click... red, blue, red ...
 apple, grape, orange... square, triangle, square ...
- Use templates/ stencils as patterns to produce an identical image e.g. draw around stencils and templates.
- Copy given pictures/patterns from resources (both natural and manmade e.g. conkers, twigs, leaves, inset shape patterns, block area make a model from given picture.
- Understand position through words and real scenarios, pictures for example, "The bag is under the table," (under, on top, next to, behind, in front)
- Discuss simple routes forwards, backwards, turn, corner.
- Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then.
- Pay for items in role play shop using pennies.
- Know that coins are collectively called money and we spend them.



CPD

All of our children can be mathematicians!

We apply the mastery approach to our staff CPD to model ensure all teachers are as skilled as possible to teach maths. All staff means SLT, teachers and support staff!

Maths Lead CPD

LET Maths Network

NCETM Maths Hub

TfC Sunderland

National CPD Lead Visits

Teacher CPD

Monitoring & Assessment Evidence Drives CPD

Whole-School

Individual

LET Maths Network

NCETM Maths Hub

Teaching Assistant CPD

LET TA Network

NCETM Maths Hub



NC Coverage

All of our children can be mathematicians!



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 1

	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards	. R.	8
PV	count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals;	7 100	1/5/8
PV	count in multiples of 2s. 5s and 10s	188	9
PV	given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less	1.0	1/5
PV	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations		1/5
PV	read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	. B.	1/5
AS	read, write and interpret mathematical statements		2/6
AS	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	188	2/6
AS	add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including 0	100	2/6
AS	solve ane-step problems that involve addition and subtraction	1 1 1	2/6
MD	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division		9
FDP	recognise, find and name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts	2	10
FDP	recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal	2	10
MEA	compare & describe measures	10	5
MEA	measure and record	1 10	5
MEA	recognise and use language relating to dates		10
MEA	tell the time to the hour and half past the hour	1/2	10/11
GEO	recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes	9 P8	4
GEO	describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter fums	2	8



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 2

	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in 10s from any number, forward & back	2	-1
PV	recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (10s. 1s)	2	1
PV	identify, represent and estimate numbers	2	10
PV	compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use < > and = signs	2	1
PV	read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	2	. 13
PV.	use place value and number facts to solve problems	2	1.
AS	solve problems with addition and subtraction	2	2
AS	recal and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently	2	2
AS	add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial reps &mentally	2	2
A3	show that addition of 2 numbers can be done in any order and subtraction of 1	2	2
AS	recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction	2	. 2
MD	recal and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplications	2	6
MD	calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division	2	6
MD	show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order	2	6
MD	solve problems involving multiplication and division	2	6
FDP	recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape,	2	10
FDP	write simple fractions, for example 1/2 of 6 = 3 and rea the equiv of 2/4 and 1/2	2	10
MEA	choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure	2	12
MEA	compare ℴ lengths, mass, volume/cap and record the results using >, < and =	2	12
MEA	recognise & use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts	2	12
MEA	find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money	2	12
MEA	solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction	2	12
MEA	compare and sequence intervals of time	2	12
MEA	tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour	2	1.2
MEA	know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	2	12
GEO	identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes	2	8
GEO	identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes	2	8.
GEO	identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes	2	8
GEO	compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects	2	8
GEO	order & arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences	2	8
GEO	use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement	2	8
STA	interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and table	2	4
STA	ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects	2	4
STA	ask-and-answer questions about totaling and comparing categorical data	2	4



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 3

-	Makes at Controller Objective	Washin	110-31
	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 101/00 more or less than a number	3	1
PV	recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (100s, 10s, 1s)	3	1
PV	compare and order numbers up to 1,000	3	153
PV	identity, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	3	U.1
PV	read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words	3	0.01
PV	solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	3	-1
AS	add and subtract numbers mentally	3	2
A3	add and subtract numbers with up to 3 digits	3	2
AS	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers	3	2
AS	solve problems, including missing number problems	3	2
MD	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 tables	3	7
MD	write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division	3	7
MD	solve problems, including missing number involving multiplication & division	3	7
FDP	count up/down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object by 10	- 5	8
FDP	recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects	3	9
FDP	recognise & use fractions as numbers: unit fractions & non-unit fract with small den	3	9
FDP	recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators	5	11
FDP	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole	3	9
FDP	compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators	3	9
FDP	solve problems that involve all of the above	3/5	Both
MEA	measure, compare, add/subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass [kg/g]; vol/capacity	3	-1
MEA	measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	4	5
MEA	add and subtract amounts of money to give change	3	2
MEA	tell and write the time from an analogue clock.	3	11
MEA	estimate and read time with increasing accuracy	3	11
MEA	know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month	3	- 11
MEA	compare durations of events	3	11
CEO	draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials	3	10
GEO	recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn	3	6
GEO	Identity right angles, recognise that 2 right angles etc	3	6
GEO:	identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines	3	10
GEO.	identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	4	11
CEO	compare and classify geometric shapes	3	10
STA.	interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	3	3
31.6			



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 4

	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000	4	1
PV	find 1,000 more or less than a given number	4	1
PV	count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers	5	2
PV	recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number	4	1
PV	order and compare numbers beyond 1,000	4	1
PV	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	4	1
PV	round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000	4	1
PV	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	4/5	All
PV	read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C)	6	11
AS	add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written	4	3
AS	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation	4	3
AS	solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts	4	3
MD	recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12	4	7
MD	use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally	4	7
MD	recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	4	7
MD	multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number	5	5
MD	solve problems involving multiplying and adding	4	7
FDP	recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	5	8
FDP	count up and down in hundredths	5	8
FDP	solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions	5	11
FDP	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	4	10
FDP	recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundreds	5	8
FDP	recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/ <u>4.</u> 1/2, 3/4	5	8
FDP	find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100	4	8
FDP	round decimals with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number	5	8
FDP	compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 DP	5	8
FDP	solve simple measure & money problems involving fractions & decimals to 2 DP	5	8
FDP	solve problems that involve all of the above	4/5	All
MEA	convert between different units of measure	5	8
MEA	measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure	4	5
MEA	find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	5	7
MEA	estimate, compare and calculate different measures	5	8
MEA	read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks	4	12
MEA	solve problems involving converting units of time	4	12
GEO	describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant	4	2
GEO	describe movements between positions as translations	4	2
GEO	plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon	4	2
GEO	complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	4	11
GEO	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles	5	12
GEO	identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	4	11
GEO	compare and classify geometric shapes	4	11
STA	interpret and present discrete and continuous data	4	4
STA	solve comparison, sum and difference problems	4	4



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 5

	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	read, write, order, compare numbers to 1,000,000	5	1
PV	count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 to 1,000,000	5	1
PV	interpret negative numbers in context	5	2
PV	round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000	5	1
PV	read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	6	11
AS	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits	5	4
AS	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	5	4
AS	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine	5	4
AS	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts	5	4
MD	identify multiples and factors, including common factors of 2 numbers	5	10
MD	know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers	5	10
MD	recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	5	10
MD	establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	5	10
MD	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number	5	5
MD	multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts	5	5
MD	divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number	5	5
MD	multiply ÷ whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000	5	8
MD	recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers	5	10
MD	solve problems involving multiplication and division	5	5
MD	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division	5	5
MD	solve problems involving multiplication and division	5	5
FDP	compare & order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number	5	11
FDP	identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction	5	11
FDP	recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form	5	11
FDP	add & subtract fractions with the same denominator, & multiples of same number	5	11
FDP	multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers	5	11
FDP	read and write decimal numbers as fractions	5	8
FDP	recog & use thousandths & relate them to tenths, hundredths and dec equivalents	5	8
FDP	round decimals with 2 DP to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place	5	8
FDP	read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places	5	8
FDP	solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places	5	8
FDP	solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents	6	7
FDP	recognise the per cent symbol (%)	6	7
MEA	convert between different units of metric measure	5	7
MEA	understand equivalences between metric units and common imperial units	6	8
MEA	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes	4	5
MEA	calculate and compare the area of rectangles	5	7
MEA	estimate volume	5	10
MEA	solve problems involving converting between units of time	4	12
GEO	identify, describe & represent the position of a shape following a reflection /transla	5	3
GEO	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations	6	10
GEO	know angles are measured in degrees: estimate & compare acute, obtuse & reflex	5	12
GEO	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees	5	12
GEO	identify acute & obtuse angles & compare & order up to 2 right angles by size	5	12
GEO	Calculate missing angles	5	12
STA	solve comparison, sum & difference problems using info presented in a line graph	6	4
STA	complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	6	4



National Curriculum Coverage: Year 6

	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
PV	read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000	6	1
PV	round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy	6	1
PV	use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across 0	6	1
PV	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	6	1
AS	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits	6	3
AS	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	6	3
AS	use rounding to check answers to calculations	6	3
AS	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts	6	3
MD	identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs and common factors	6	7
MD	Know/use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite numbers	5	10
MD	recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations	5	10
MD	establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	5	10
MD	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number formal written method	6	5/6
MD	multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts	5	10
MD	divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using short division	5	10
MD	multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000	5	10
MD	recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers	5	10
MD	solve problems involving mul/div, including factors, multiples, squares and cubes	5	10
MD	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division	6	5/6
MD	solve problems involving multiplication and division	6	5/6
FDP	simplify fractions; fractions in the same denomination	6	7
FDP	compare and order fractions, including fractions >1	6	7
FDP	add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers	6	7
FDP	multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form	5	11
FDP	divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, 1/3 ÷ 2 = 1/6	5	11
FDP	associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents	6	7
FDP	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places	5	8
FDP	multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers	5	8
FDP	use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places	5	8
FDP	solve problems which require answers to be rounded	6	7
FDP	recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages,	6	7
ALG	use simple formulae	6	9
ALG	generate and describe linear number sequences	6	9
ALG	express missing number problems algebraically	6	9
ALG	find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with 2 unknowns	6	9
ALG	enumerate possibilities of combinations of 2 variables	6	9
RAT	solve problems involving the relative sizes of 2 quantities	6	8
R.A.T	solve problems involving the calculation of percentages	6	8
RAT	solve problems involving scale factors	6	8
RAT	solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping	6	8
MEA	solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure	6	5/6
MEA	use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements	6	5/6
MEA	convert between miles and kilometres	6	ω
MEA	recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters	6	10
MEA	recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes	6	10
MEA	calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles	6	10
MEA	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids	6	10
GEO	describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all 4 quadrants)	6	2
GEO	draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect	6	2
GEO	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles	6	2
GEO	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets	6	2
GEO	compare and classify geometric shapes	6	2
GEO	recognise angles at a point, straight line, vertically opposite, and find missing angles	5	12
GEO	illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference	5	4
STA	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems	6	4
STA	calculate and interpret the mean as an average	6	4



NC Coverage by Curriculum Area

All of our children can be mathematicians!



National Curriculum Coverage: Place Value

IC.	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	See Trust ready Nursery	N	variou
R	See Trust ready Reception	R	variou
1	count to and across 100, forwards and backwards	1	8
1	count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals;	- 11	1/5/8
1:	count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s	1	9
1	given a number, identity 1 more and 1 less	1	1/5
1	identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations	1.7	1/5
1.7	read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words	21	1/5
2	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in 10s from any number, forward & back	2	- 31
2	recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number [10s, 1s]	2	1
2	identify, represent and estimate numbers	2	(a)
2	compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs	2	01
2	read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	2	
2	use place value and number facts to solve problems	2	- 11
3	count from 0 in multiples at 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 101/00 more or less than a numb	3	
3	recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (100s. 10s. 1s)	- 3	7.1
3	compare and order numbers up to 1,000	3	- 1
3	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	- 3	[0]
3	read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words	3	- 1
3	solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	3	1
4	count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000	- 4	//1
4	find 1,000 more or less than a given number	4	11
4	count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers	- 5	2
4	recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number	4	1
4	order and compare numbers beyond 1,000	- 34	्व
4	identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations	4	- 11
4	round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000	4	
4	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	4/5	All
4	read Roman numerals to 100 (Ho C)	- 6	11
5	read, write, order, compare numbers to 1,000,000	- 5	1
5	count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 to 1,000,000	- 5	- 1
5	Interpret negative numbers in context	- 5	- 2
5	round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000	5	3
5	read Roman numerals to 1,000 [M] and recognise years written in Roman numerals	6	310
6	read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000	6	- 51
6.	round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy	6	1
6	use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across 0	6	0.1
6	solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above	6	1



National Curriculum Coverage: Addition & Subtraction

NC	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	Have a deep understanding of numbers to 3 including the composition of each number.	N	4-14
N	Subifise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 3.	N	4-14
R	Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number.	R	3-13
R	Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.	R	3-13
R	Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.	R	3-13
1	read, write and interpret mathematical statements	1.	2/6
1	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	127	2/6
7	add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20. Including 0	1.	2/6
.1.	solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction	10.1	2/6
2	solve problems with addition and subtraction	2	2
2	recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently	2	2
2	add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial reps &mentally	2	2
2	show that addition of 2 numbers can be done in any order	2	2
2	recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction	2	2
3	add and subtract numbers mentally	3	2
3	add and subtract numbers with up to 3 digits	3	2
3	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers	3	2
3	solve problems, including missing number problems	3	2
4	add and subtract numbers mentally	3	2
4	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation	4	3
-4	solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts	4	3
5	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits	5	4
5	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	5	4
5	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine	5	4
5	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts	- 5	4
6	add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits	6	3
6	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	6	3
6	use rounding to check answers to calculations	6	3
6	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts	6	3



National Curriculum Coverage: Multiplication & Division

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N Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 3. R dave a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number. R Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. R Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. R Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) N Jana Automatically recall (wi		N	Have a deep understanding of numbers to 3 including the composition	N	4-14
R deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number. R Sublitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) R number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. I solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division 1 1 8 recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplications 2 6 2 calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division 2 2 6 2 show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order 2 2 6 2 solve problems involving multiplication and division 2 2 6 3 recall and use multiplication and division and division 2 2 6 3 recall and use multiplication and division and division 3 recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 tables 3 3 7 write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division 3 recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 tables 3 7 a solve problems, including missing number involving multiplication and division 3 7 4 recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication and division 3 7 4 recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 4 7 4 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally 4 7 recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations 4 7 7 multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	_	14		18	4-14
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6 solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division 6 5/6					
			solve problems involving multiplication and division		



National Curriculum Coverage: Fractions

NC	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	Have a deep undentanding of numbers to 3 including the composition of each number.	N	4-14
N.	Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 3.	N	4-14
*	Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10 including the composition of each number.	R	3-13
R	Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.	R	3-13
	Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids)	1	1000000
2	rumber bonds up to 5 fincluding subtraction facts) and some number bands to 10, including double tacts.	R	3-13
. 1	recognise, find and name a haif as 1 of 2 equal parts	2	10
37	recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal	2	10
2	recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape,	2	10
2	write simple fractions, for example 1/2 of a = 3 and rec the equiv of 2/4 and 1/2	2	10.
3	count up/down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object by 10	5.	8
3	recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects	3	9
3	recognise & use fractions as numbers unit fractions & non-unit fract with small den-	3	9.
3	recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators	5	11
3	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole	- 3	9
3	compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators	3	9
3	solve problems that involve all of the above	3/5	Both
4	recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	5	8
4	count up and down in hundredths	5	5.
4	solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions	5	11
4	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	43	10
4	recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundreds	5	8
4	recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 8/4	5	8
4	find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100	4	8
- 4	round decimals with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number	5	8
4	compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 DF	5	8
4	solve simple measure & money problems involving fractions & decimals to 2 DF	5	8
4	solve problems that involve all of the above	4/5	All
5	compare & order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number	5	15
5	identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction	5	11
5	recognite mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form	5	1.5
5	add & subtract fractions with the same denominator, & multiples of same number	5	11
5	multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers	5	11
5	read and write decimal numbers as fractions	5	8
5	recog & use thousand this & relate them to tenths, hundredths and dec equivalents	5	8
5	round decimals with 2 DP to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place	5	8
5	read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places	5	8
5	solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places	5	8
5	solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents	6	7
5	recognise the per cent symbol (%)	6	7
0		0	7
	simplify fractions, fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions >1		7
6	add and subtract fractions with different denomination and mixed numbers	6	7
5	multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form	5	11
	divide proper fractions by whole numbers for example 1/3 + 2 = 1/6	5	11
5	associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents		7
4		é	- /
5	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places	-	
	multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers	5	0
5	use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places	5	7
6	solve problems which require answers to be rounded	6	
ò	recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages,	6	J.



National Curriculum Coverage: Measures

NC	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	Make models in the block area and respond to practitioners using the vocabulary	N	15-1
933	can you make it faller? Shorter? Longer?	- 88	93.70
R	Understand largest, most, smallest, least, fewest and numbers beyond 10—"Order and compare 3 objects according to length, height, mass	R	2 &
1	compare & describe measures	T	5
1	measure and record	1	5
1	recognise and use language relating to dates	1	10
1	tell the time to the hour and half past the hour	1/2	10/1
2	choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure	2	12
2	compare ℴ lengths, mass, volume/cap, record the results using >, < and =	2	12
2	recognise & use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p): combine amounts	2	12
2	find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money	2	12
2	solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction	2	12
2	compare and sequence intervals of time	2	12
2	tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour	2	12
2	know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	2	12
3	measure, compare, add/subtract; lengths [m/cm/mm]; mass (kg/g); vol/capacity	3	1.
3.	measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	4	5
3	add and subtract amounts of money to give change	3.	2
3	tell and write the time from an analogue clock.	3	1.1
3	estimate and read time with increasing accuracy	3	. 11
3	know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month	- 3	- 11
3	compare durations of events	3	-11
4	convert between different units of measure	5	8
4	measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure	4	5
4	find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	5	7
4	estimate, compare and calculate different measures	5	8
4	read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12/24-hour clocks	4	12
4	solve problems involving converting units of time	4	12
5	convert between different units of metric measure	.5	7
5	understand equivalences between metric units and common imperial units	6	8.
5	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectlinear shapes	4	5
5	calculate and compare the area of rectangles	- 5	7
5	estimate volume	.5.	1.0
5	solve problems involving converting between units of time	4	12
6	convert between different units of metric measure	5	7
6	understand equivalences between metric units and common imperial units	6	8
6	measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes	4	5
6	calculate and compare the area of rectangles	5	7
6	estimate volume	5	10
6	solve problems involving converting between units of time	4	12



National Curriculum Coverage: Geometry & Spatial Reasoning

NC	National Cuniculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes using informal language – sides, corners, straight, flat, round	N	21,22
N	Sort by a given criteria.	N.	21,22
N	Understands and uses the language of position, e.g., on, inside, next to, under, over, in front, behind through play, for example a doll's house or garage.	N	19
N	Create their own spatial patterns showing some organisation or regularity.	14	7
N.	Recognise and discuss patterns on clothes, in nature and in the environment, e.g., stripes, spots, checks, etc.	N	7
Ň	Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern – show AS patterns correct and incorrect	N	7
R	Compose and decompose shapes, children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can	R	1.5
R	Classify and sort objects according to a criterion and begin to sort objects using own criteria		1
R	Continue given repeating patterns (sound, colour, shape, objects)	R	2.17
. 8	Create own repeating patterns.	*	2,17
1	recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes	T	4
1	describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and	1	4
	three-quarter turns	2	17
2	identity and describe the properties of 2-D shapes	2	8
2	identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes	100	- 5
2	Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes	2	8
2	compare and soft common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects	2	.8
2	order & arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences	2	- 8
2	use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement	2	8
3	draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials	3	10
3	recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn	3	6
3	identify right angles, recognise that 2 right angles etc	3	6
3	identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines	3	10
3	identity lines of symmetry in 2-D sharpes presented in different orientations	3	10
4	describe positions on a 2-0 grid as coordinates in the first auadrant	4	2
4	describe movements between positions as translations	4	2
4	plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon	4	2
4	complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	4	11
4	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles	5	12
4	identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	4	11
4	compare and classify geometric shapes	4	11
.5	identify, describe & represent the position of a shape following a reflection /transla	5	3
5	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations	6	10
5	know angles are measured in degrees; estimate & compare acute, obtuse & reflex	5	12
5	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees	5	12
5	identify acute & obtuse angles & compare & order up to 2 right angles by size	5	12
5	Calculate missing angles	5	12
.6	describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all 4 quadrants)	6	2
6	draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect	- 6	2
8	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles	6	2
5	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets	8	2
8	compare and classify geometric shapes	6	2
6	recognise angles at a point, straight line, vertically opposite, and find missing angles	5	12
18	flustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference	. 6	- 4



National Curriculum Coverage: Statistics

NC	National Curriculum Objective	Year	Unit
N	Sort by a given criteria.	N	3
R	Classity and sort objects according to a criterion and begin to sort objects using own criteria	R	
1	Classify and sort objects according to a criterion (YR revisit)	1	4
2	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, fally charts, block diagrams and table	2	4
2	ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects	2	4
2	ask-and-answer questions about totaling and comparing categorical data	2	4
3	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	3	3
3	solve one-step and two-step questions	3	3
4	interpret and present discrete and continuous data	4	4
4	solve comparison, sum and difference problems	4	4
5	solve comparison, sum & difference problems using info presented in a line graph	6	4
5	complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	6	4
6	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems	6	4
6	calculate and interpret the mean as an average	6	4

Ratio and algebra objectives are covered in Year 6 as per NC

